

TASTE MEETS TASTEBUD: AN INTRODUCTION TO THE CELL MATRIX

Nicholas J. Macias
Director, Cell Matrix Corporation

TALK OUTLINE

- Brief History of Computing:
Scaling Down

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- Brief History of Computing:
Scaling Down
- Nanotechnology: Scaling Up

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- Nanotechnology: Scaling Up
- The Cell Matrix

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- Nanotechnology: Scaling Up
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- Philosophy: Subject/Object Dualism

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- Philosophy: Subject/Object Dualism
- Self-Duality in the Cell Matrix

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- Brief History of Computing:
Scaling Down
- Nanotechnology: Scaling Up
- The Cell Matrix
- Philosophy: Subject/Object Dualism
- Self-Duality in the Cell Matrix
- Conclusions/Future Work/Questions

EDVAC

1944-1952



LAPTOP 2003

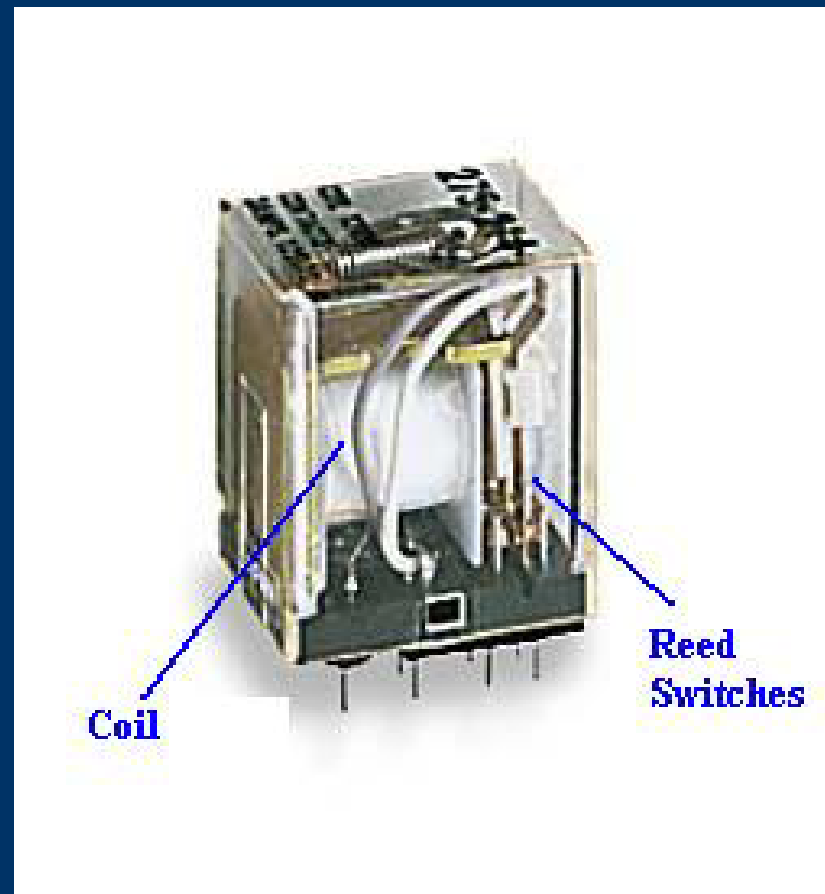


3 Million Times faster
4 Million times More Storage
1/3000 the price

SWITCHES



RELAY



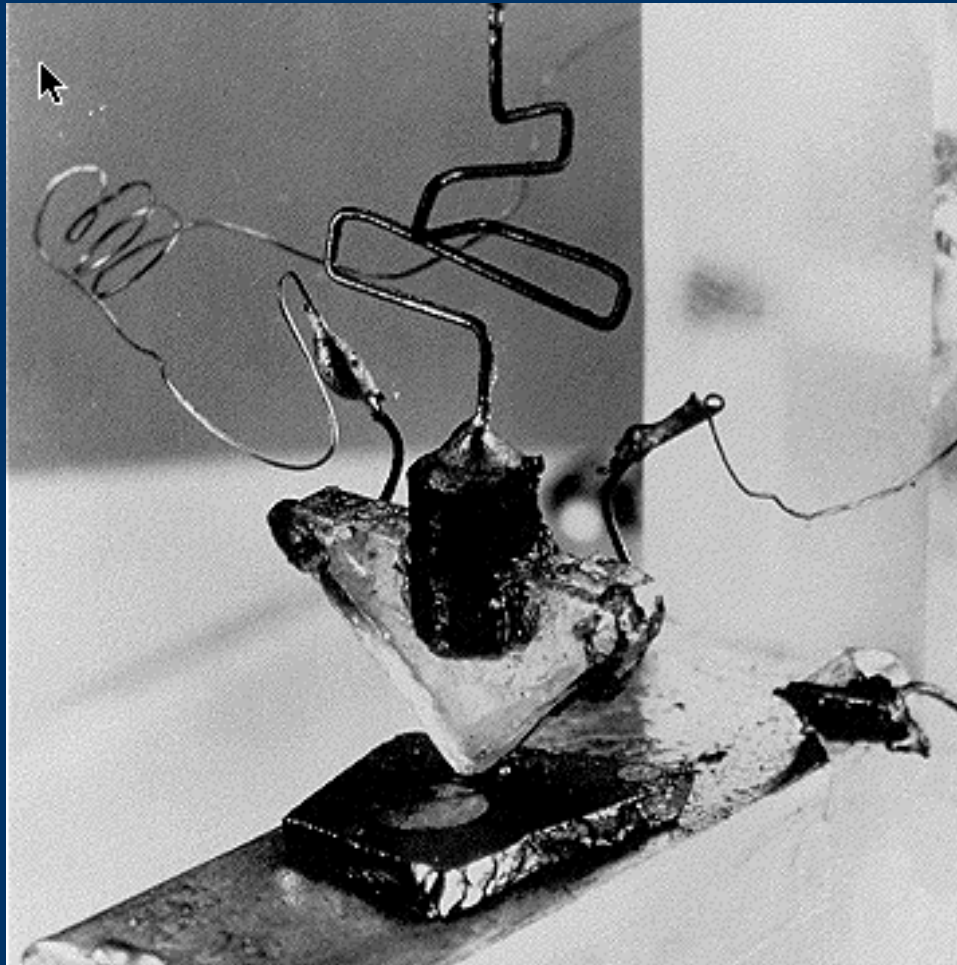
VACUUM TUBE



VACUUM TUBE

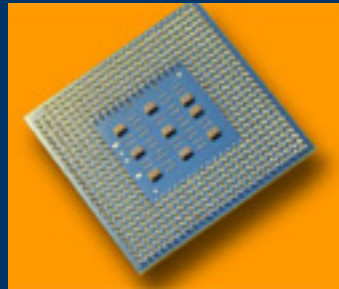


THE FIRST TRANSISTOR



Bardeen, Brattain and Shockley, 1947

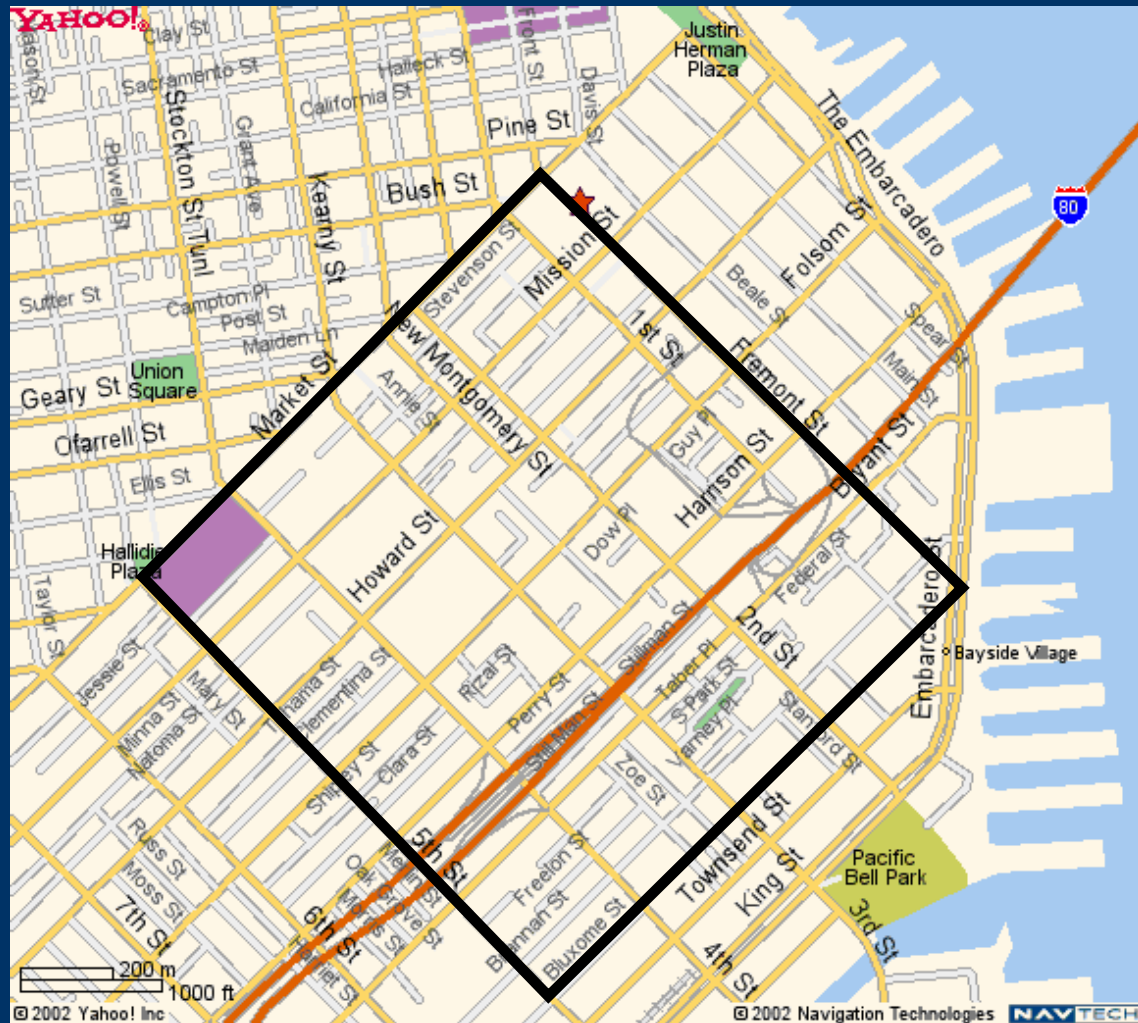
PENTIUM[®] 4



54 Million Transistors
2"x2"

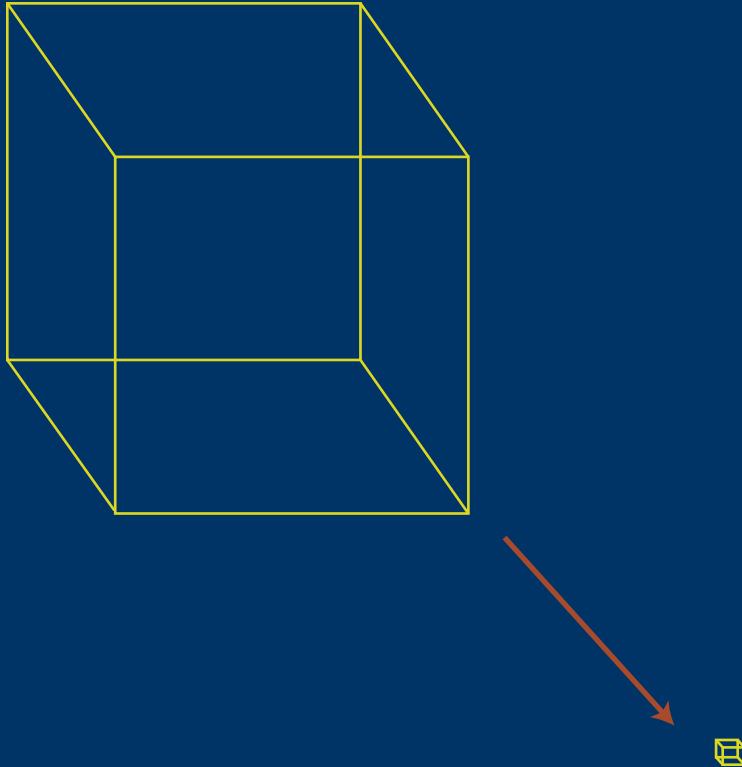
Approximate Improvement: 500 Million X

PENTIUM[®] 4



3,700 Ft x 3,700 Ft x 6"

SCALING DOWN



This is certainly a promising trend...

but its nothing compared to what's
coming next...

NANOTECHNOLOGY



"There's Plenty of Room at the Bottom"

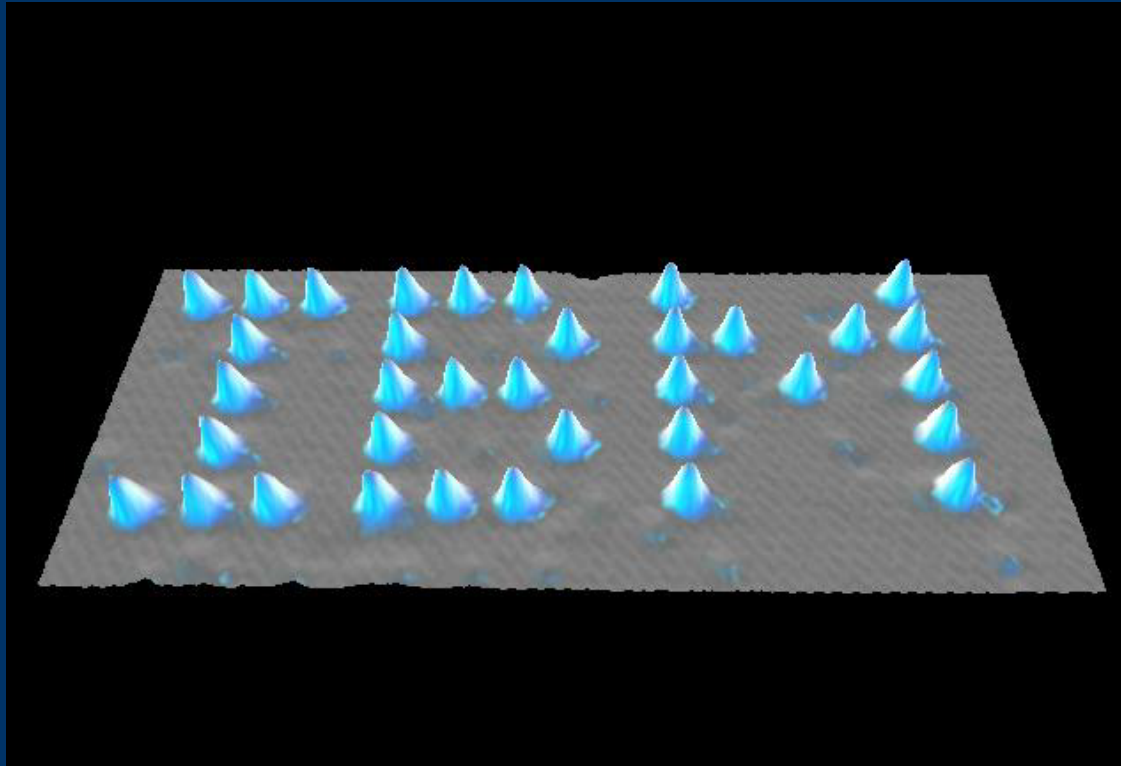
Richard P. Feynman

29 December 1959

NANOTECHNOLOGY

- Fabricate structures atom-by-atom

NANOTECHNOLOGY



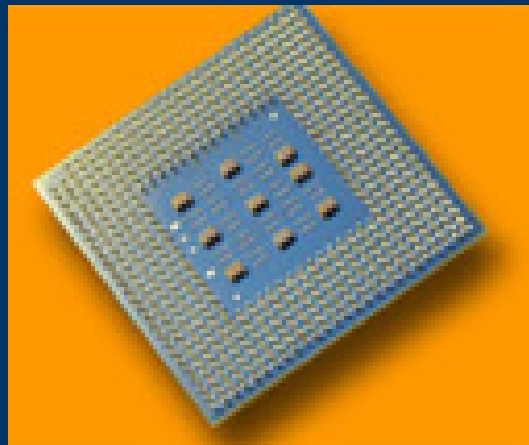
D.M. Eigler, E.K. Schweizer

Positioning single atoms with a scanning tunneling microscope.
Nature 344, 524-526 (1990).

NANOTECHNOLOGY

- Fabricate structures atom-by-atom
- Atoms are very small!

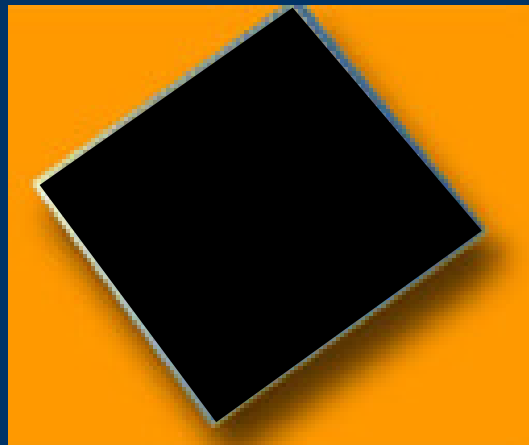
Pentium(R) processor:
54 Million transistors



NANOTECHNOLOGY

- Fabricate structures atom-by-atom
- Atoms are very small!

Pentium(R)-sized block of carbon:
 $32 \text{ cm}^3 = 3.7 \times 10^{24} \text{ atoms}$



NANOTECHNOLOGY

- Fabricate structures atom-by-atom
- Atoms are very small!

Pentium(R)-sized block of carbon:
 $32 \text{ cm}^3 = 3.7 \times 10^{24} \text{ atoms}$

100 Atoms/Switch=
37,000 Billion Billion transistors=
700,000 Billion X more dense

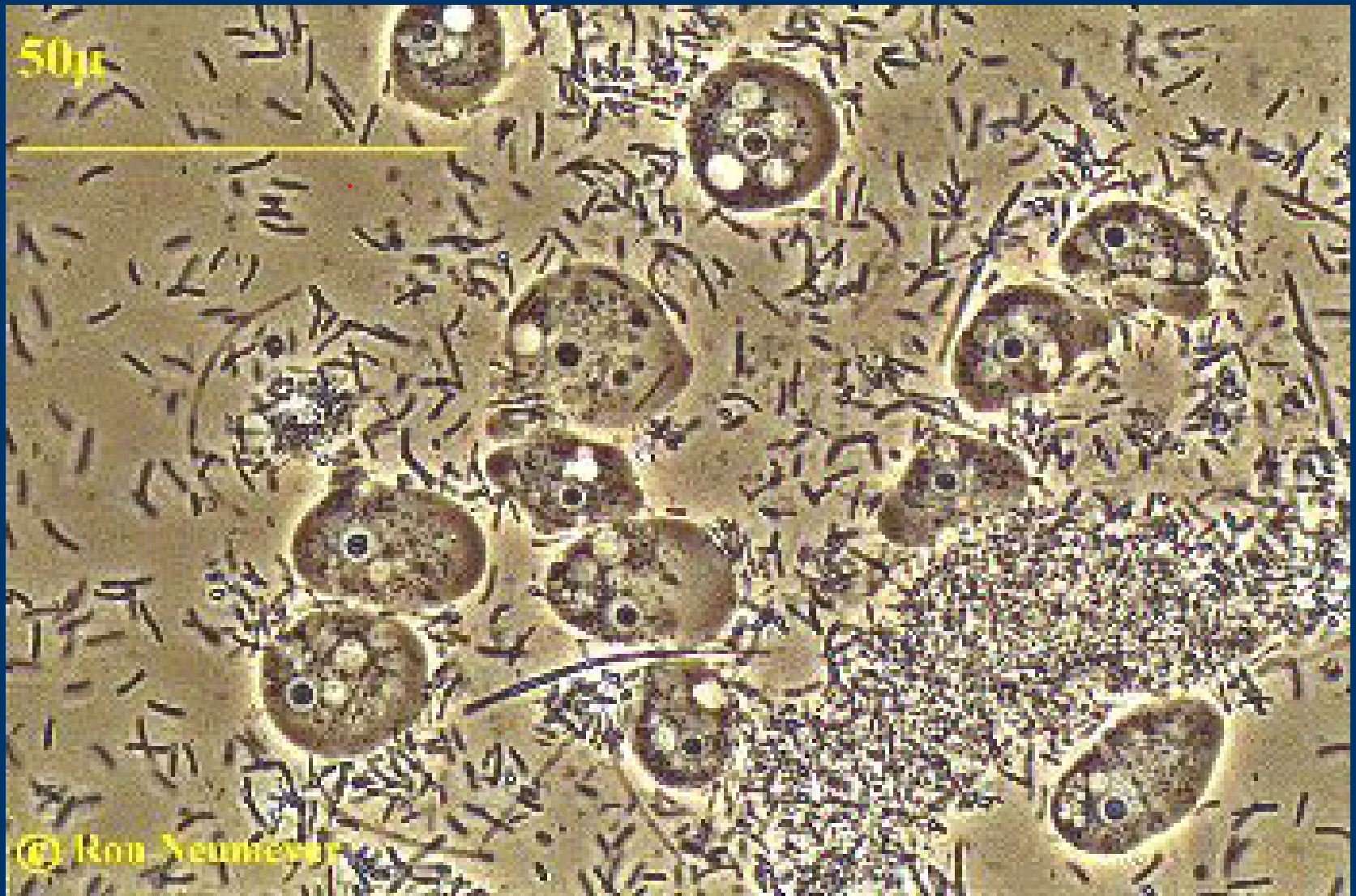
SCALING DOWN WITH NANOTECHNOLOGY

Can we continue the trend
of scaling down?

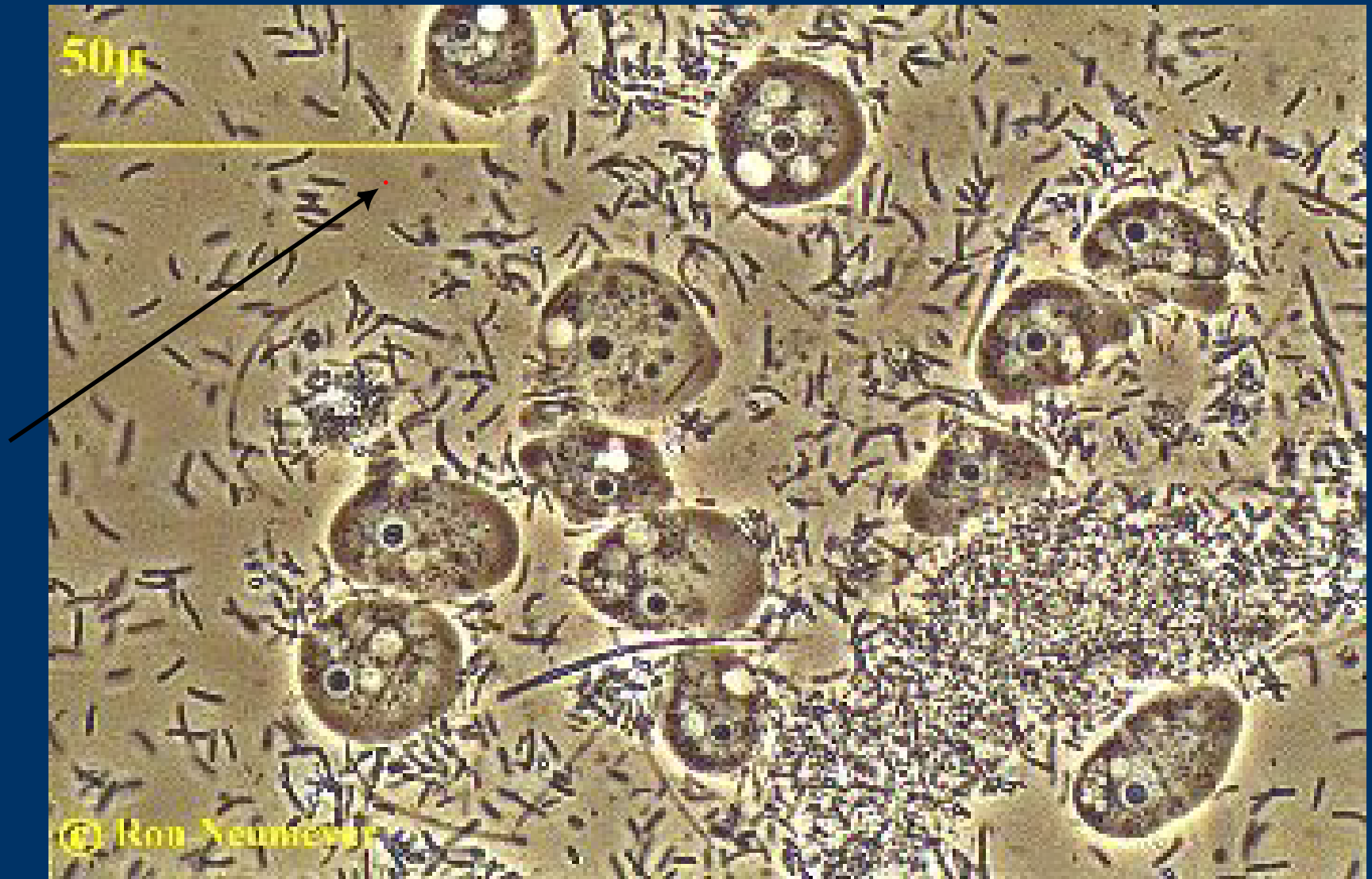
LAPTOP 2003



LAPTOP 2013?



LAPTOP 2013?

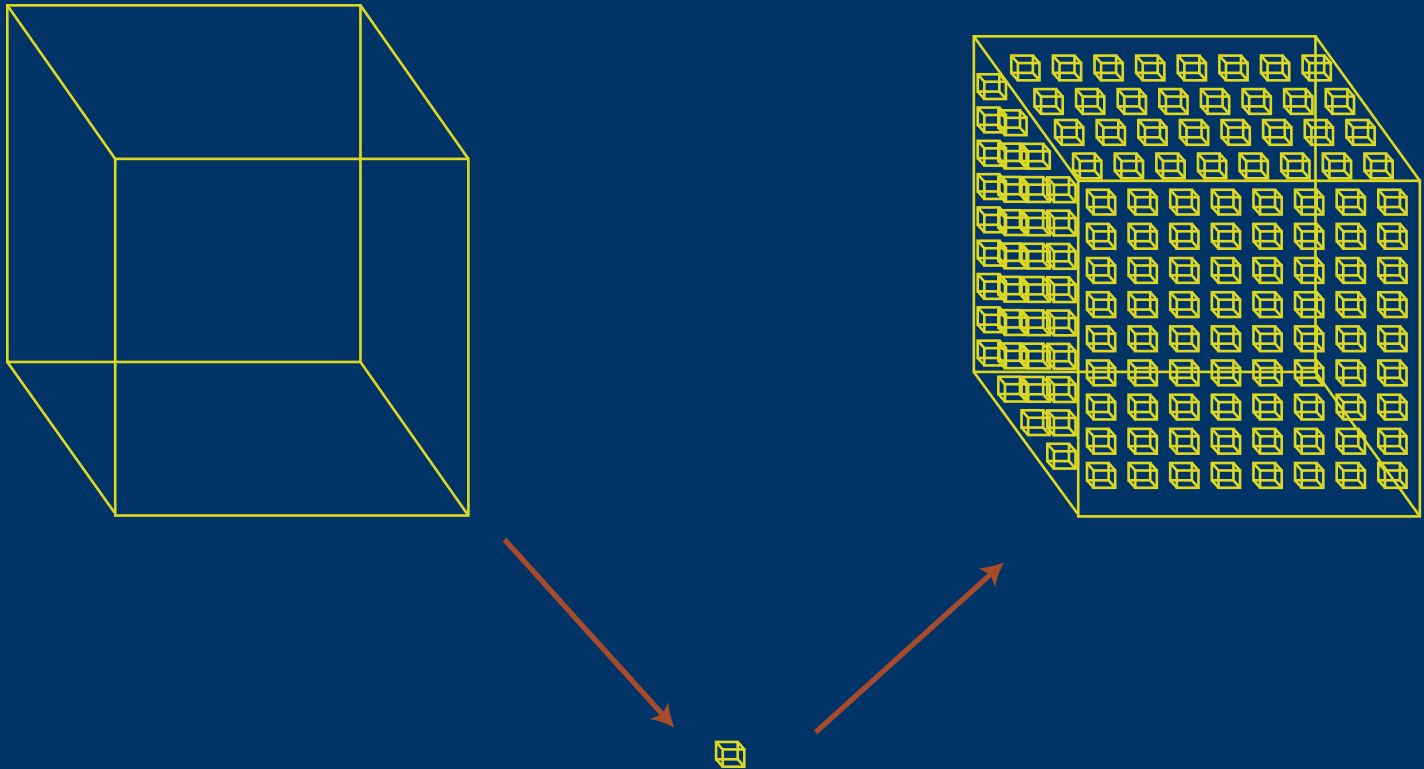


MORAL OF THE STORY

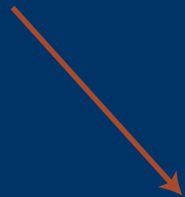
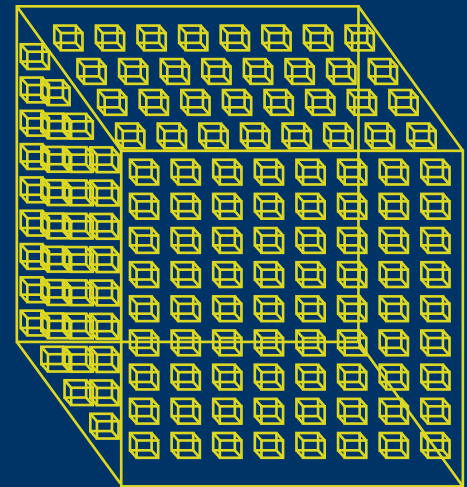
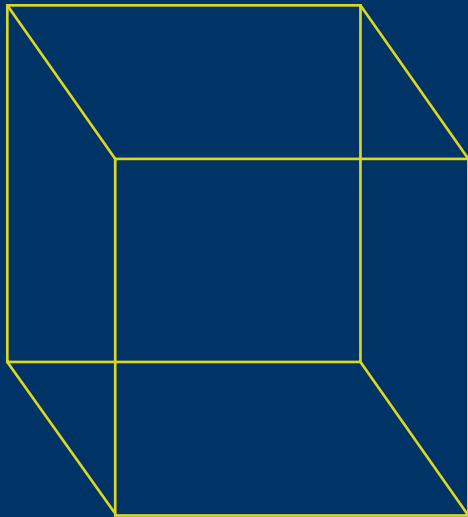
- There's plenty of room at the bottom,
but we don't live at the bottom

So what does one do with such density?

SCALING UP



SCALING UP



Avogadro
Machine
 6.02×10^{23} elements

WHY BUILD AN AVOGADRO MACHINE?

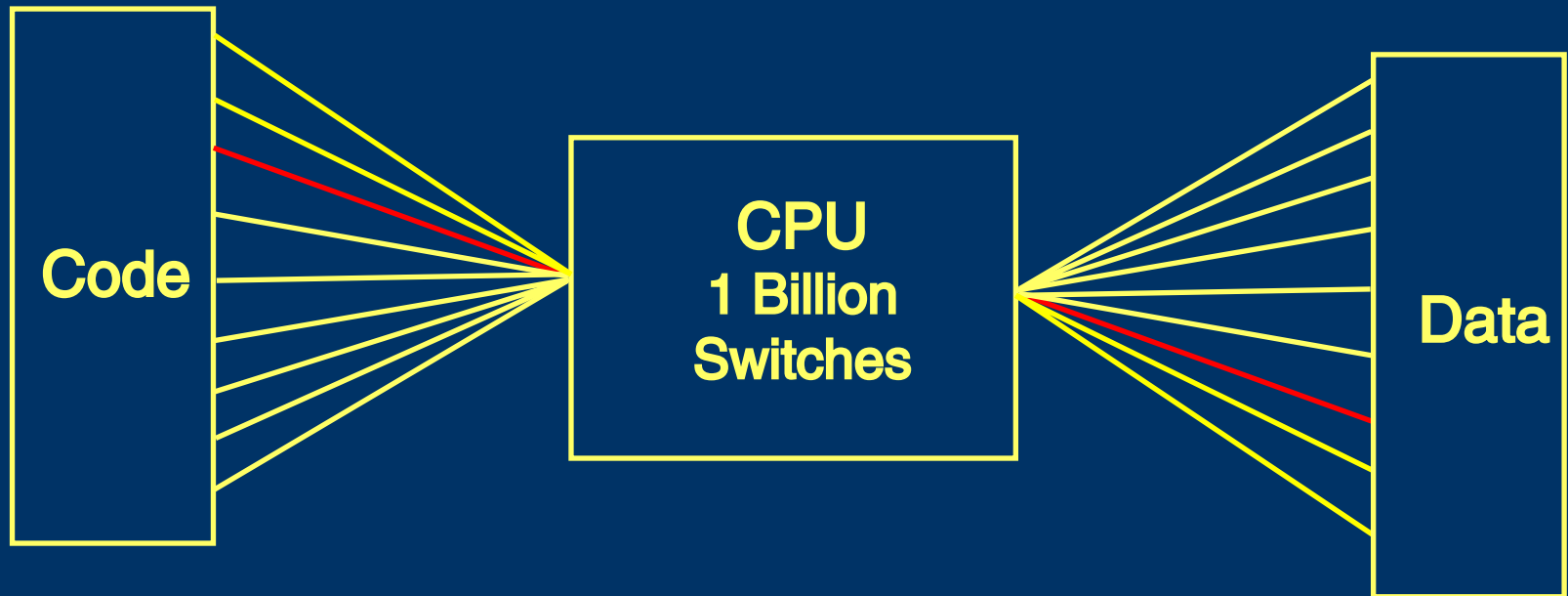
SPEED!

- 3D Simulation/Modeling
- Large mathematical problems
- Large search spaces

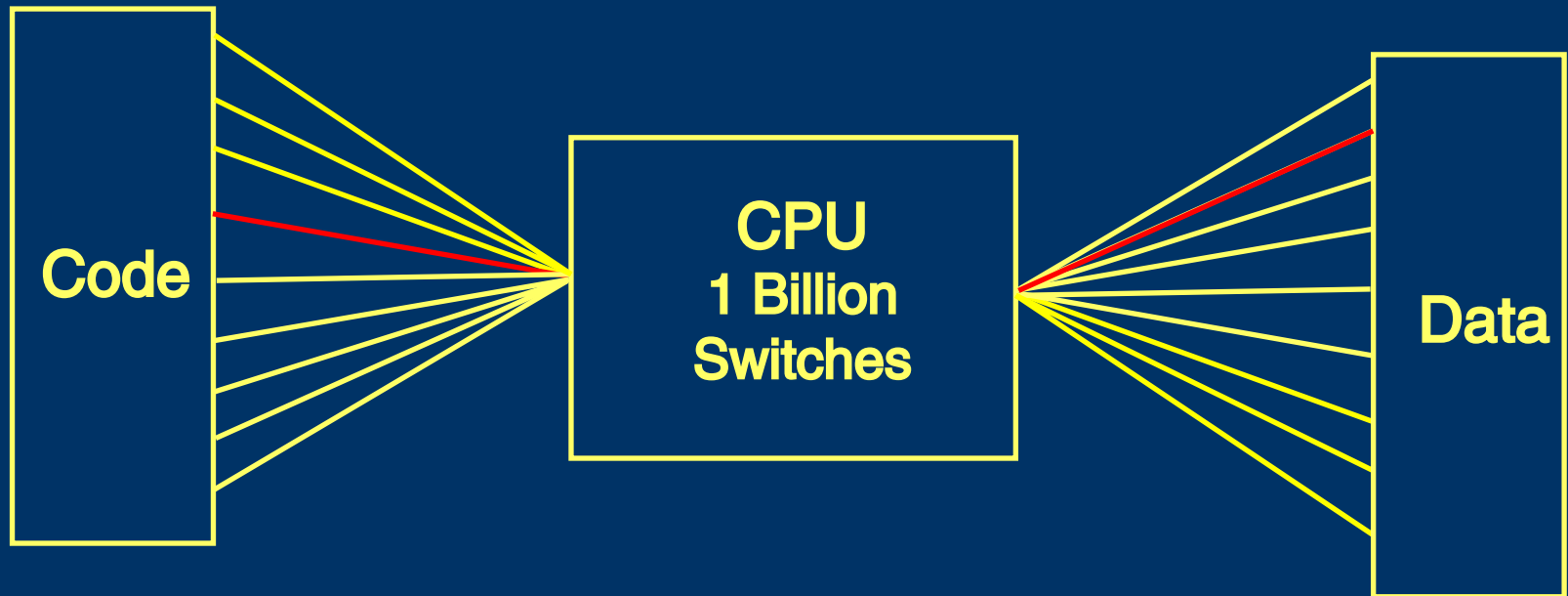
MANY COMPLEXITIES

- How to control all that HW
- How to manufacture
- How to handle faults

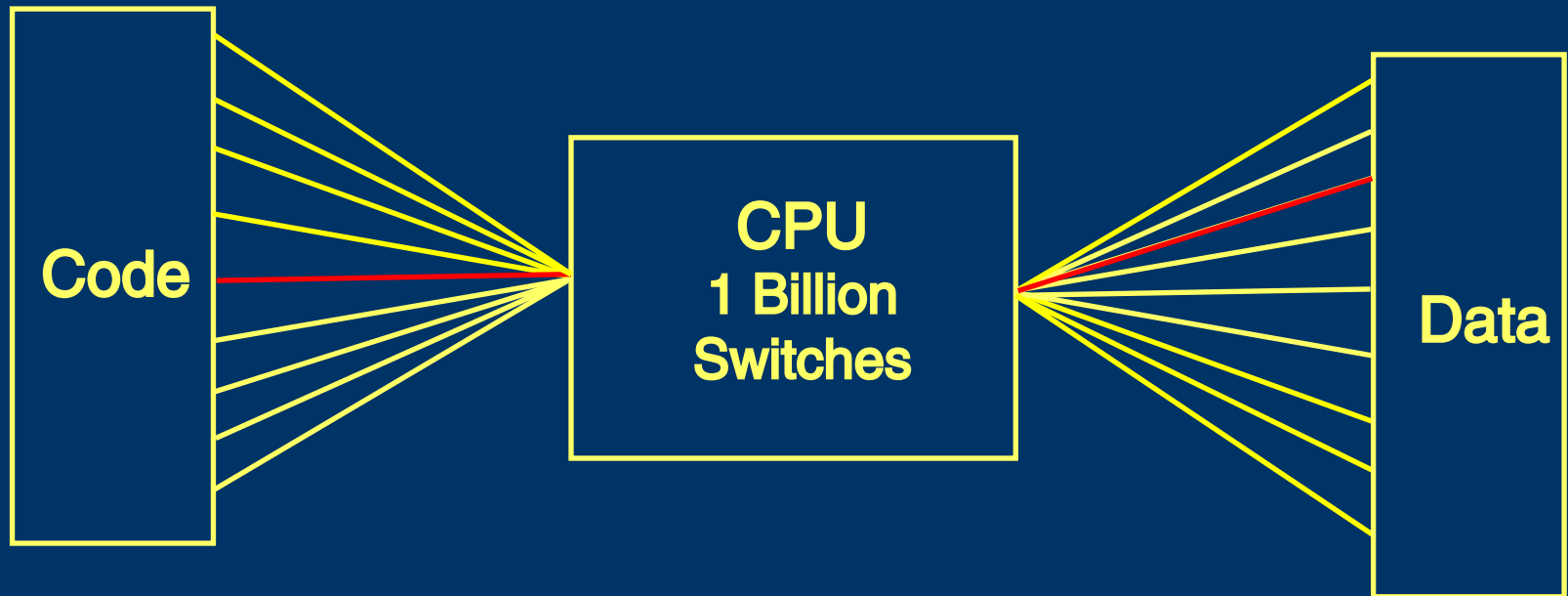
Traditional System



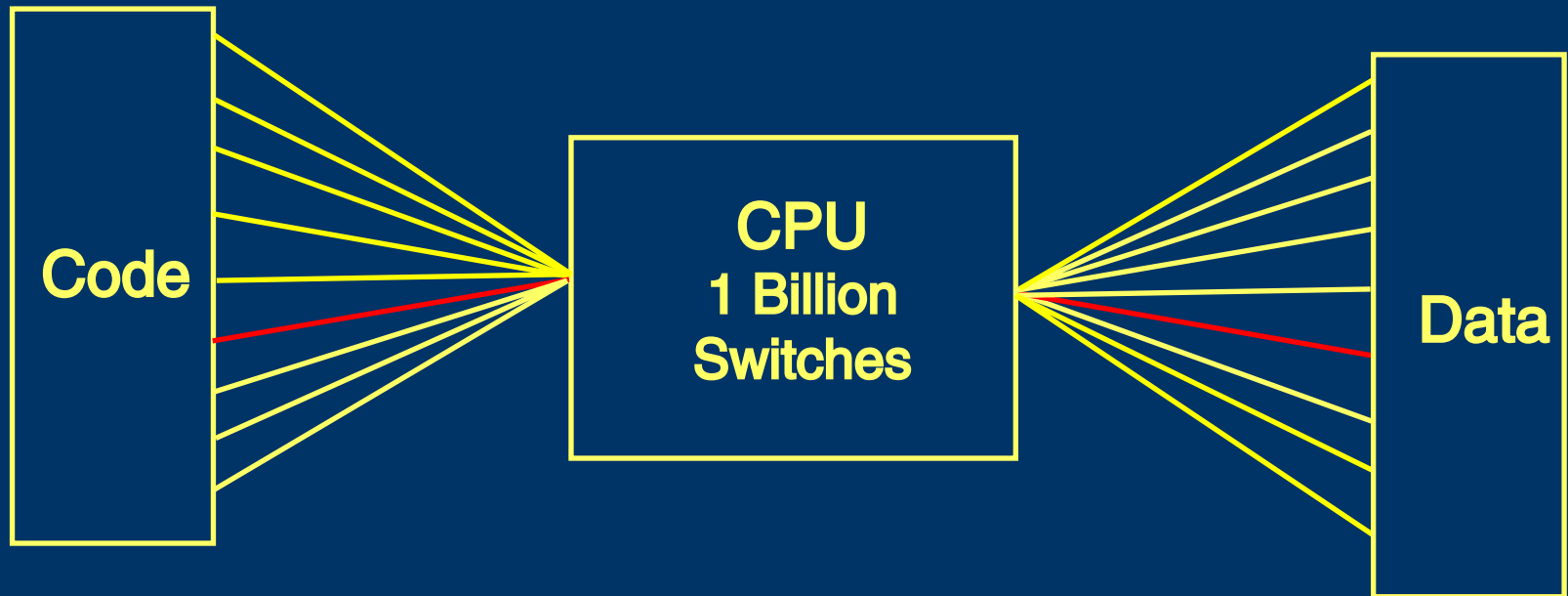
Traditional System



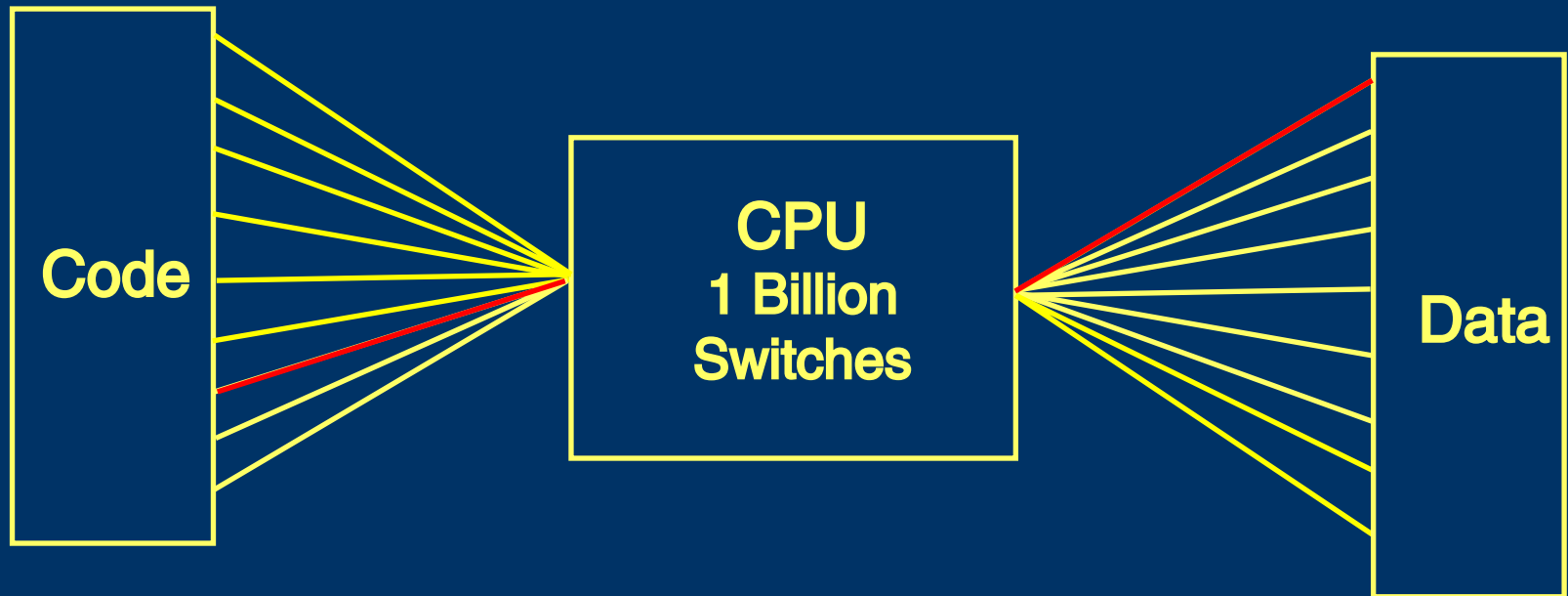
Traditional System



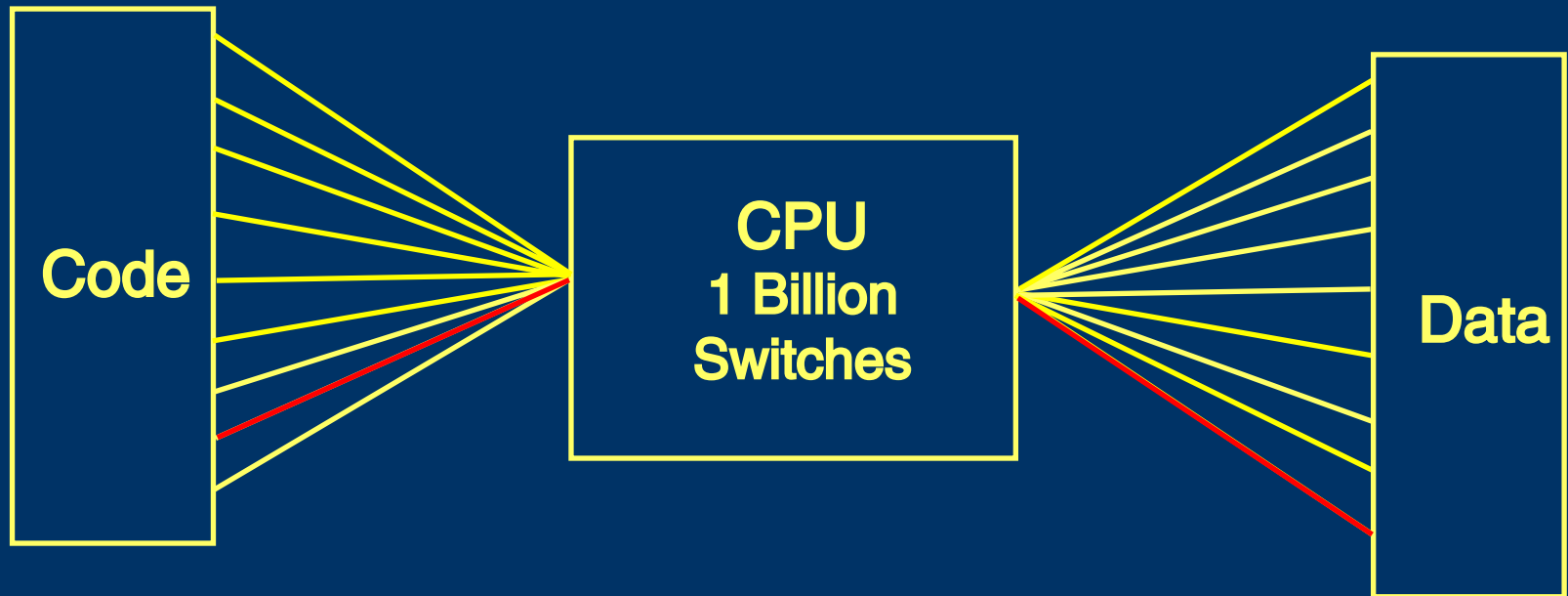
Traditional System



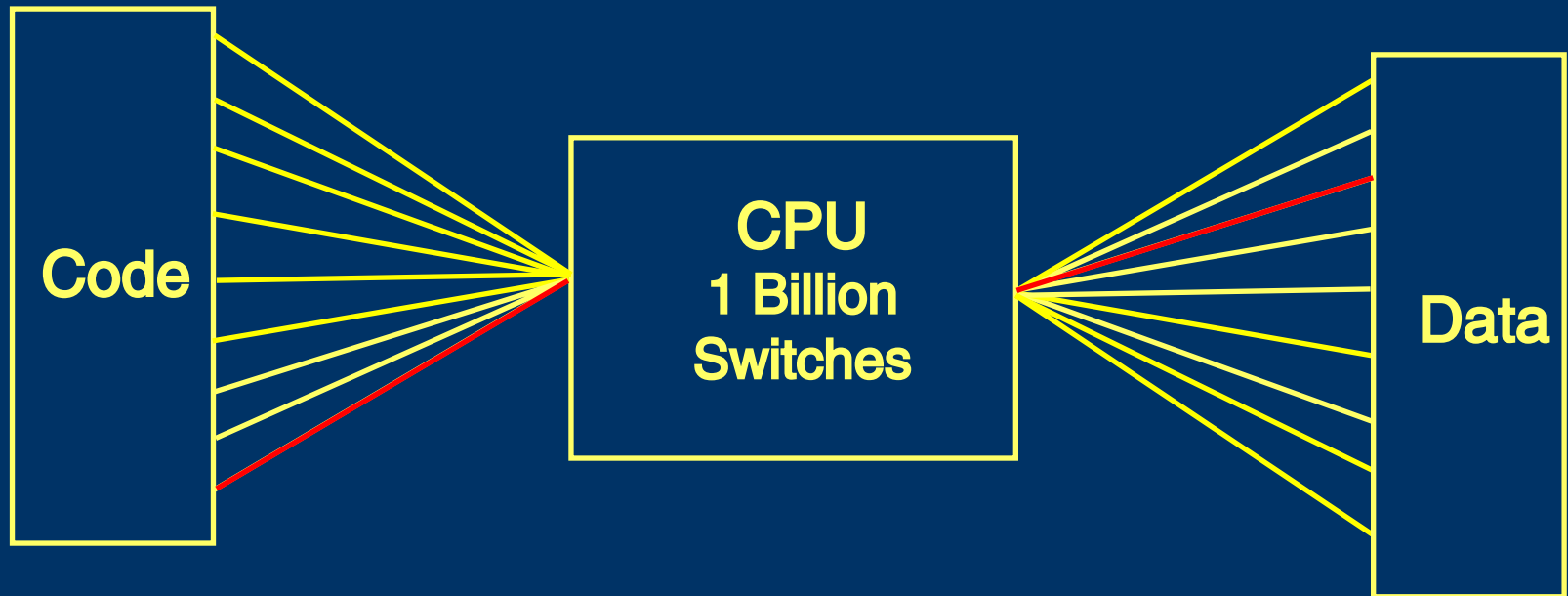
Traditional System



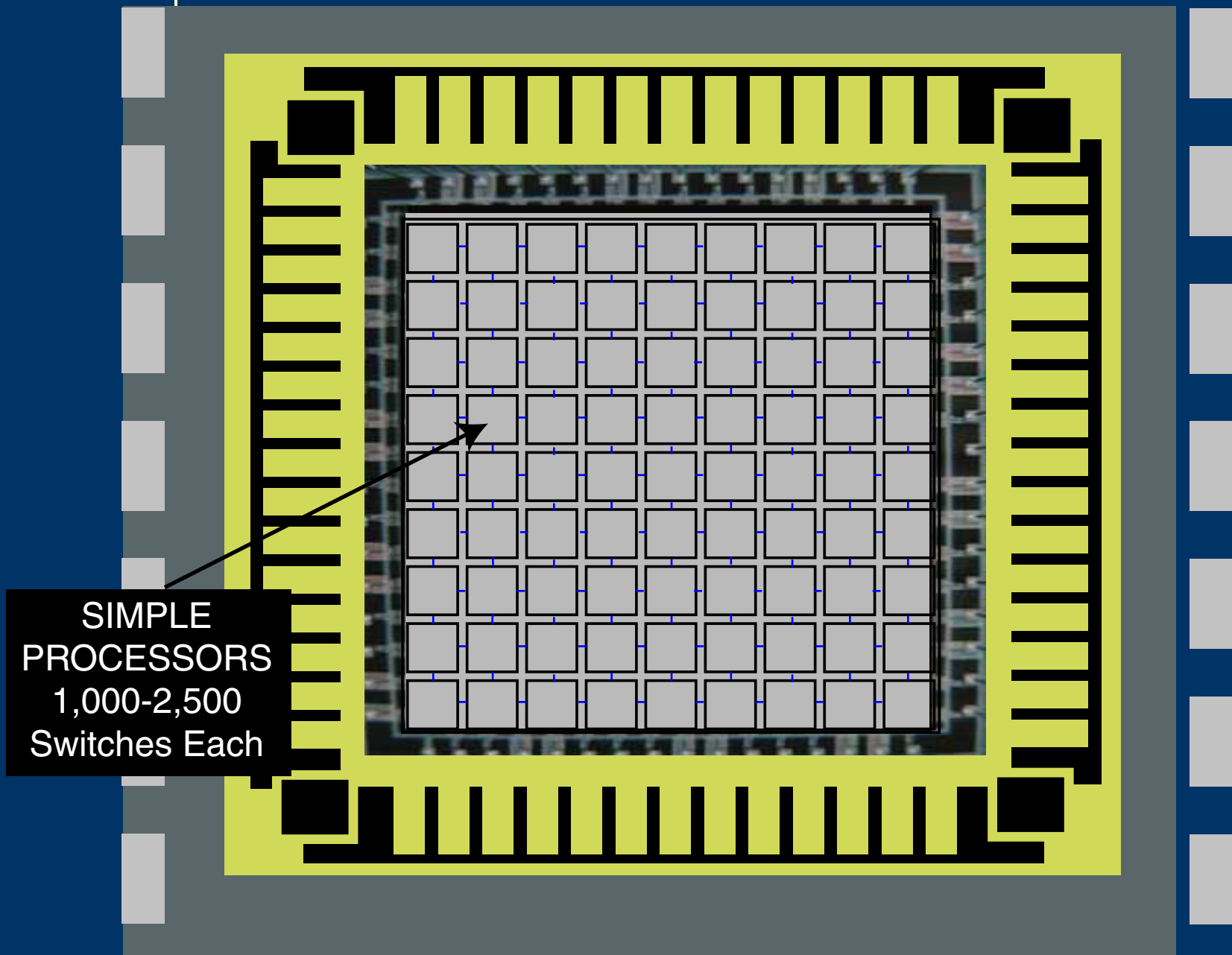
Traditional System



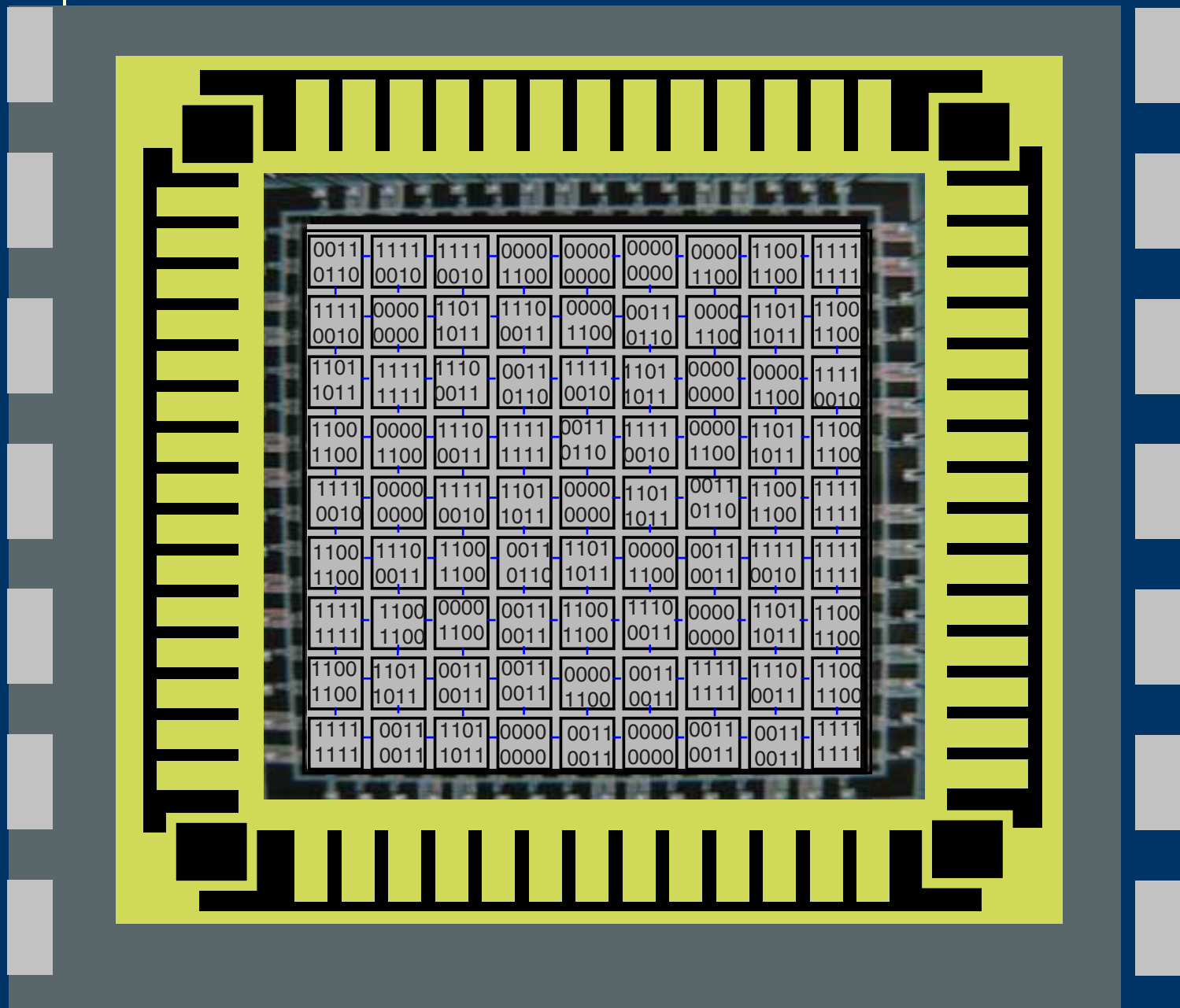
Traditional System



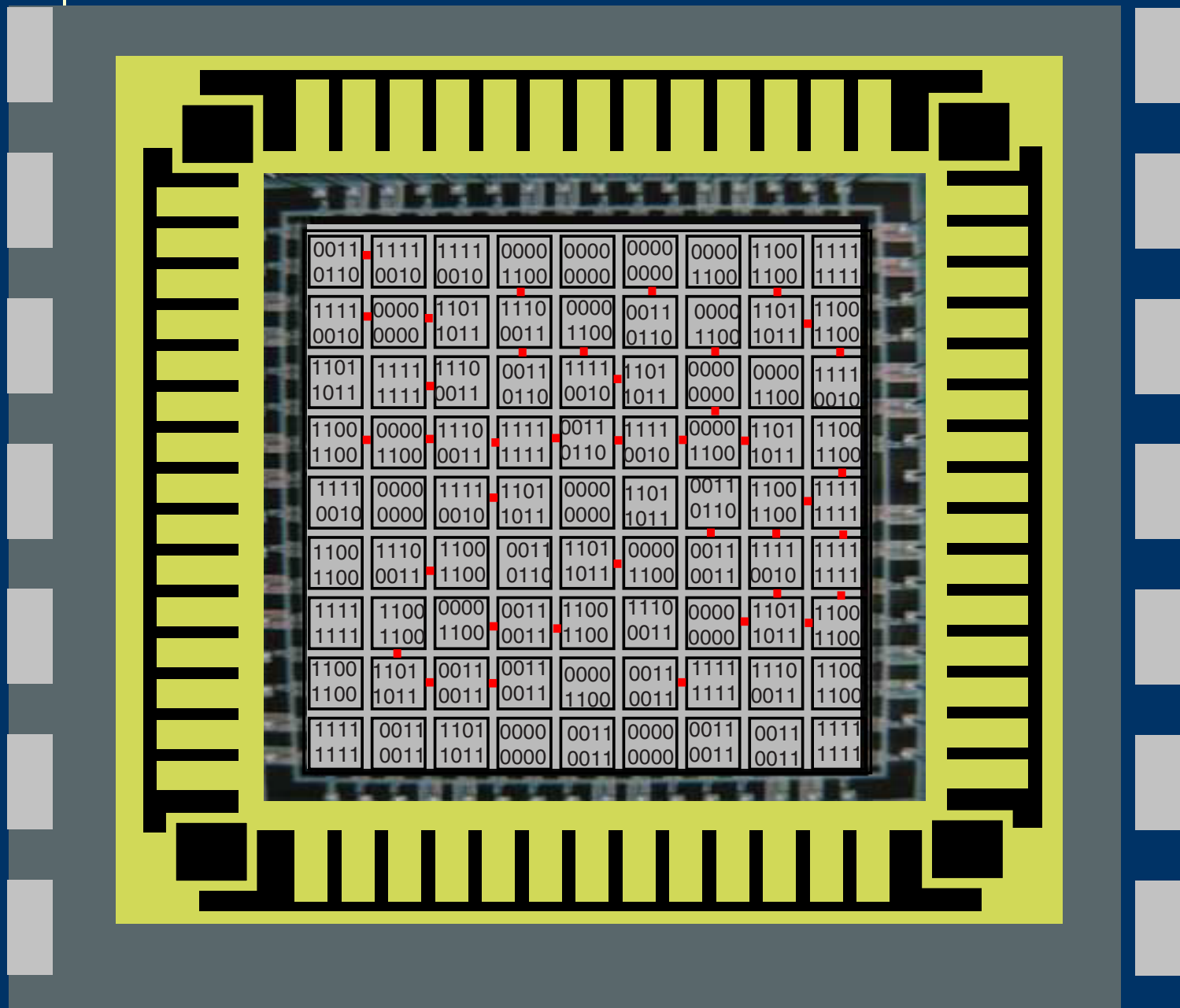
Cell Matrix Approach



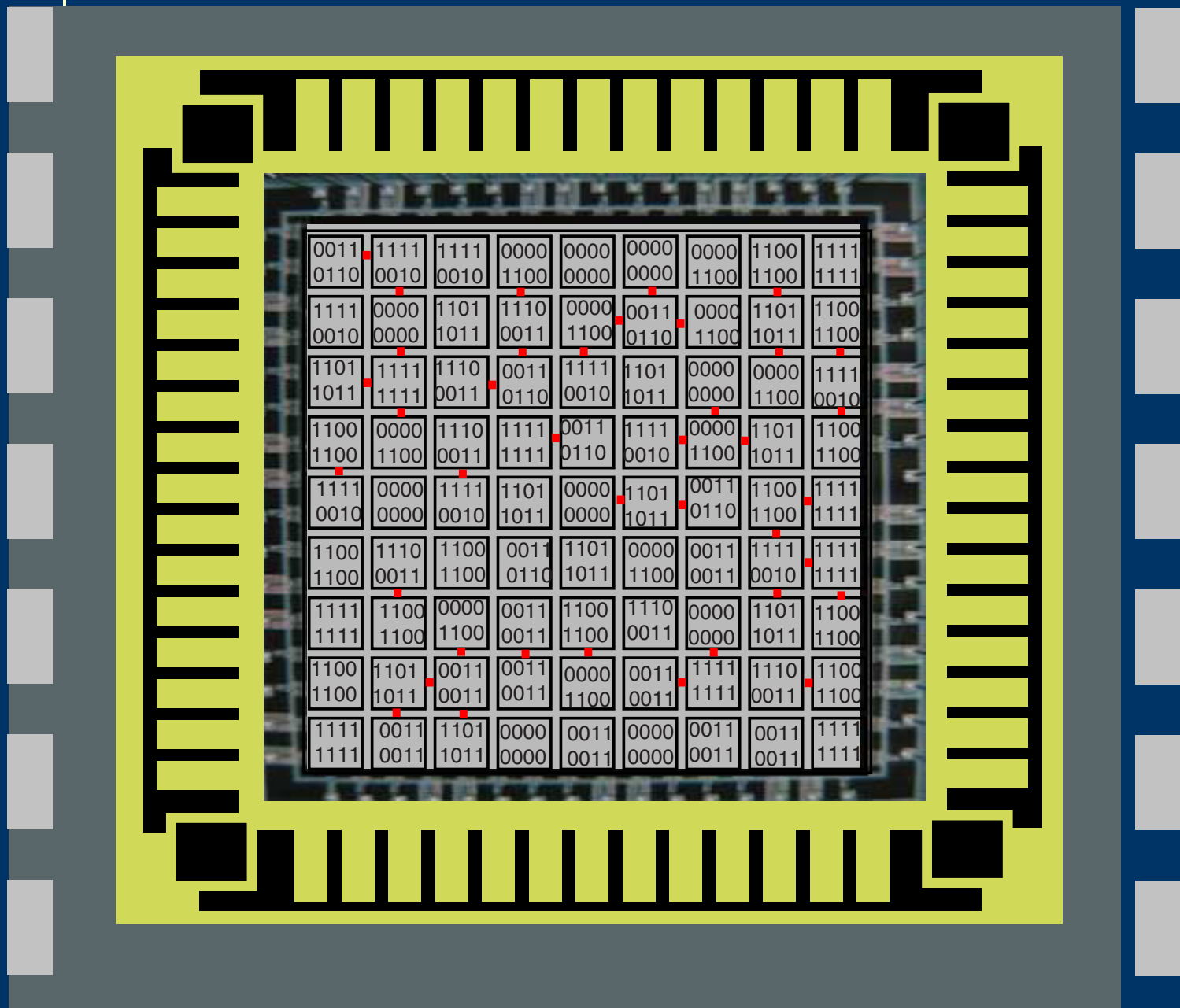
Cell Matrix Approach



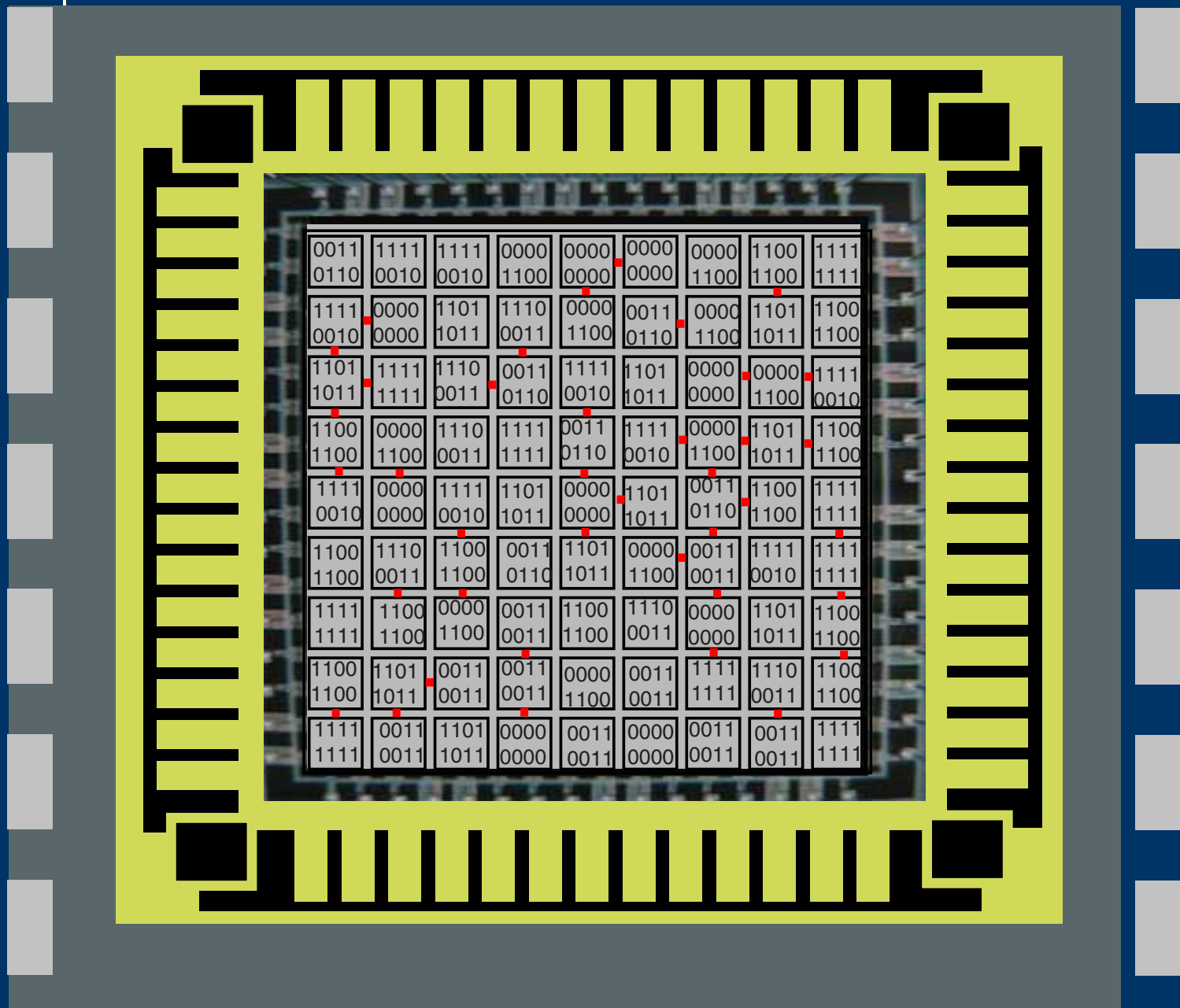
Cell Matrix Approach



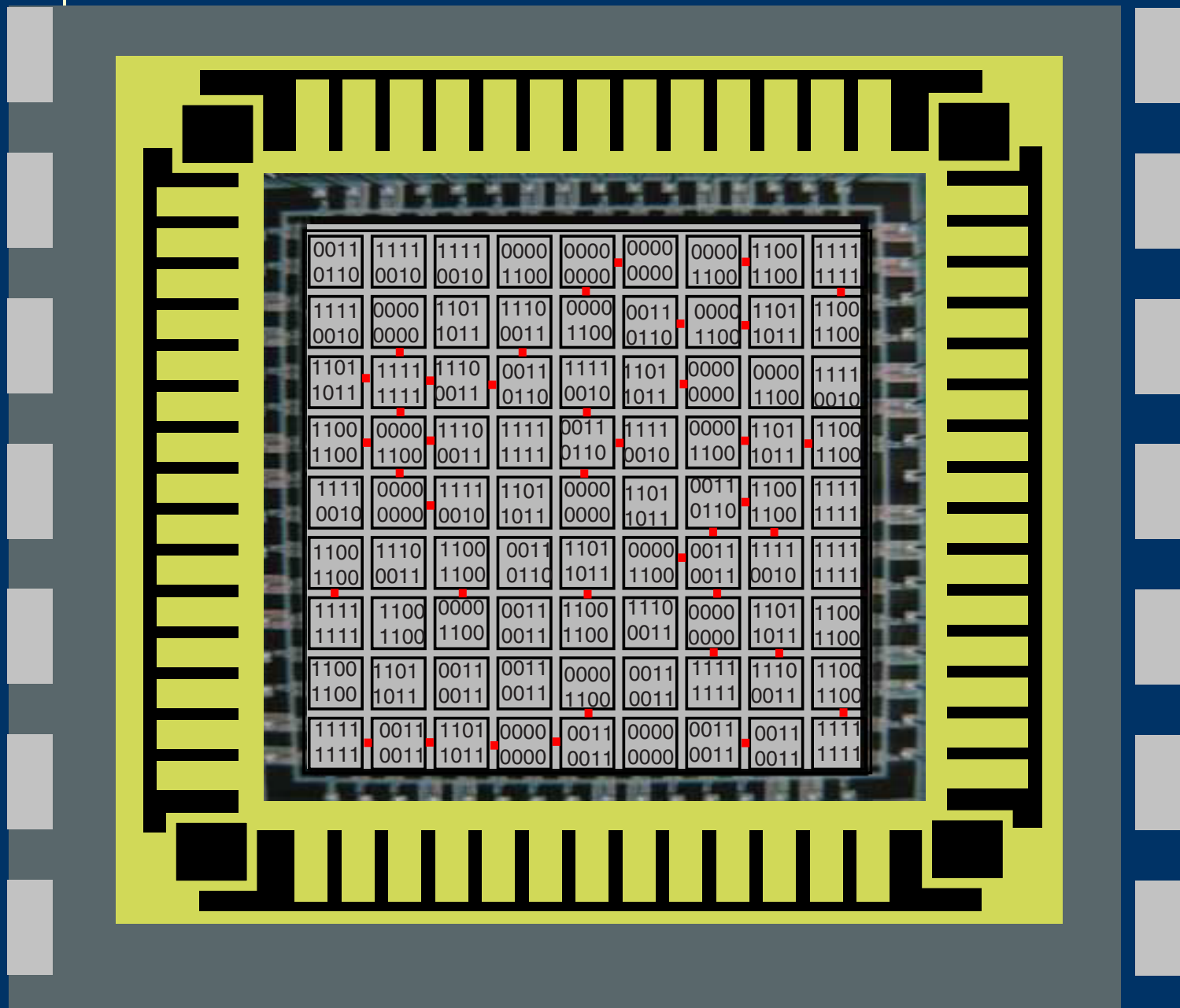
Cell Matrix Approach



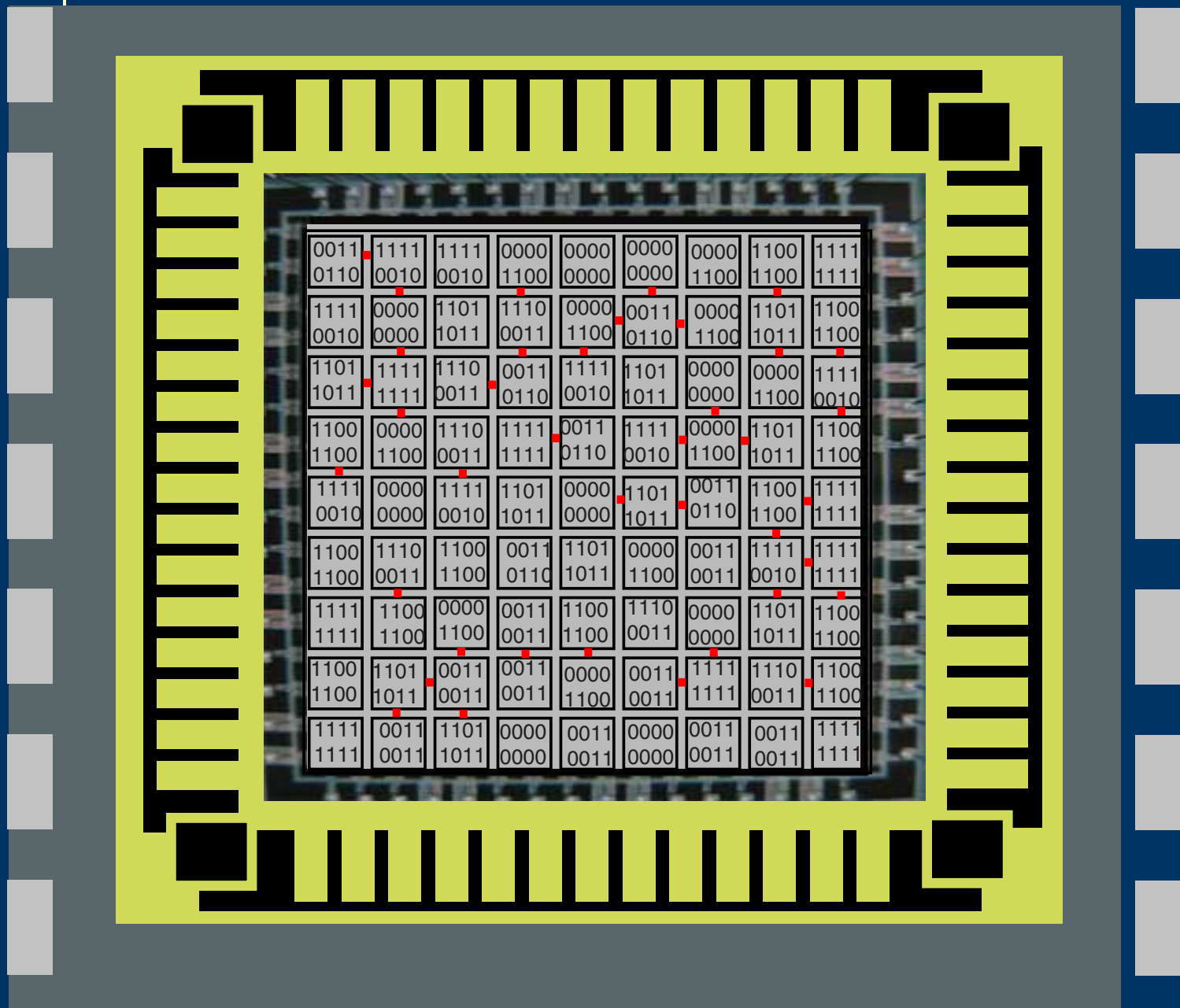
Cell Matrix Approach



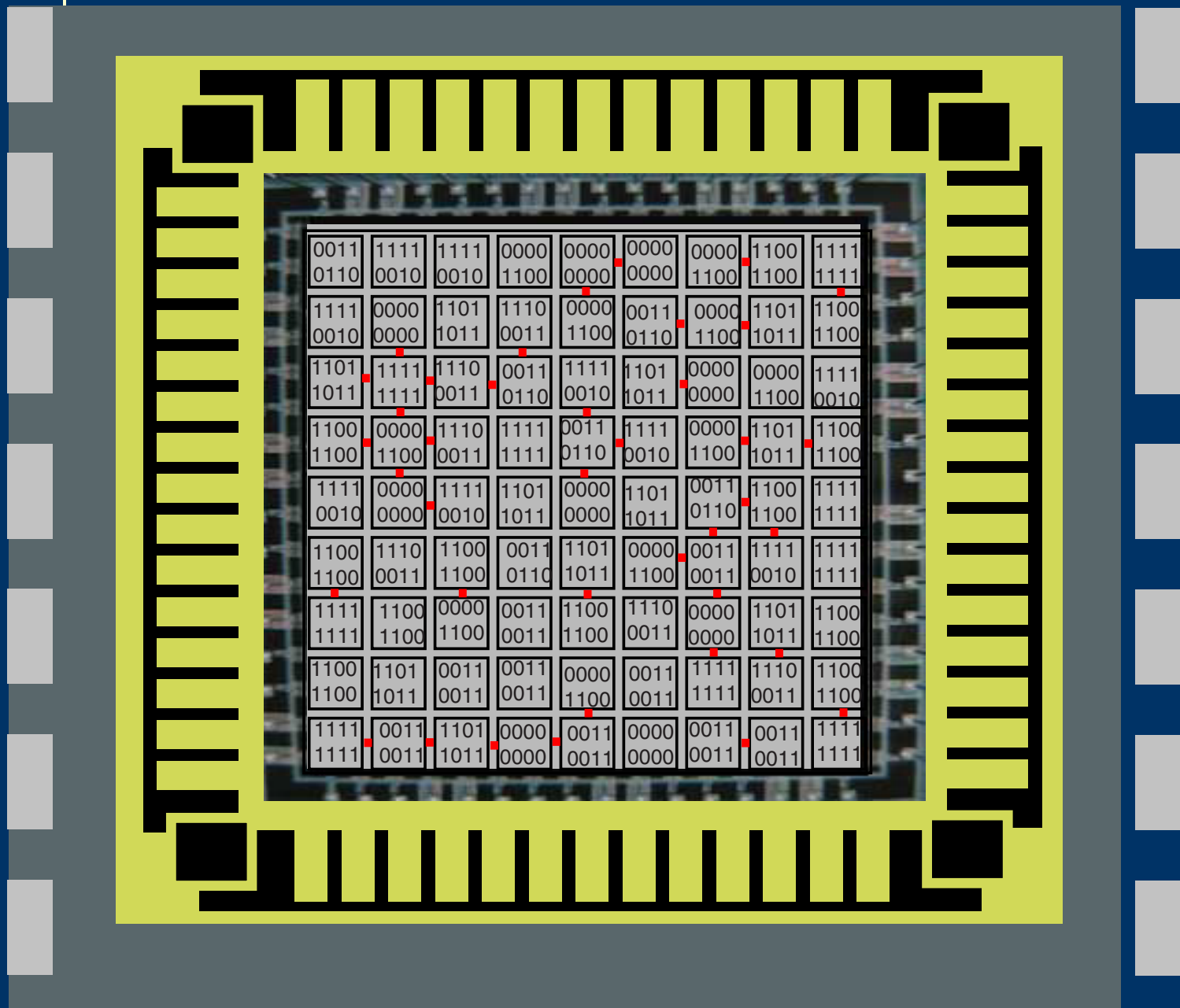
Cell Matrix Approach



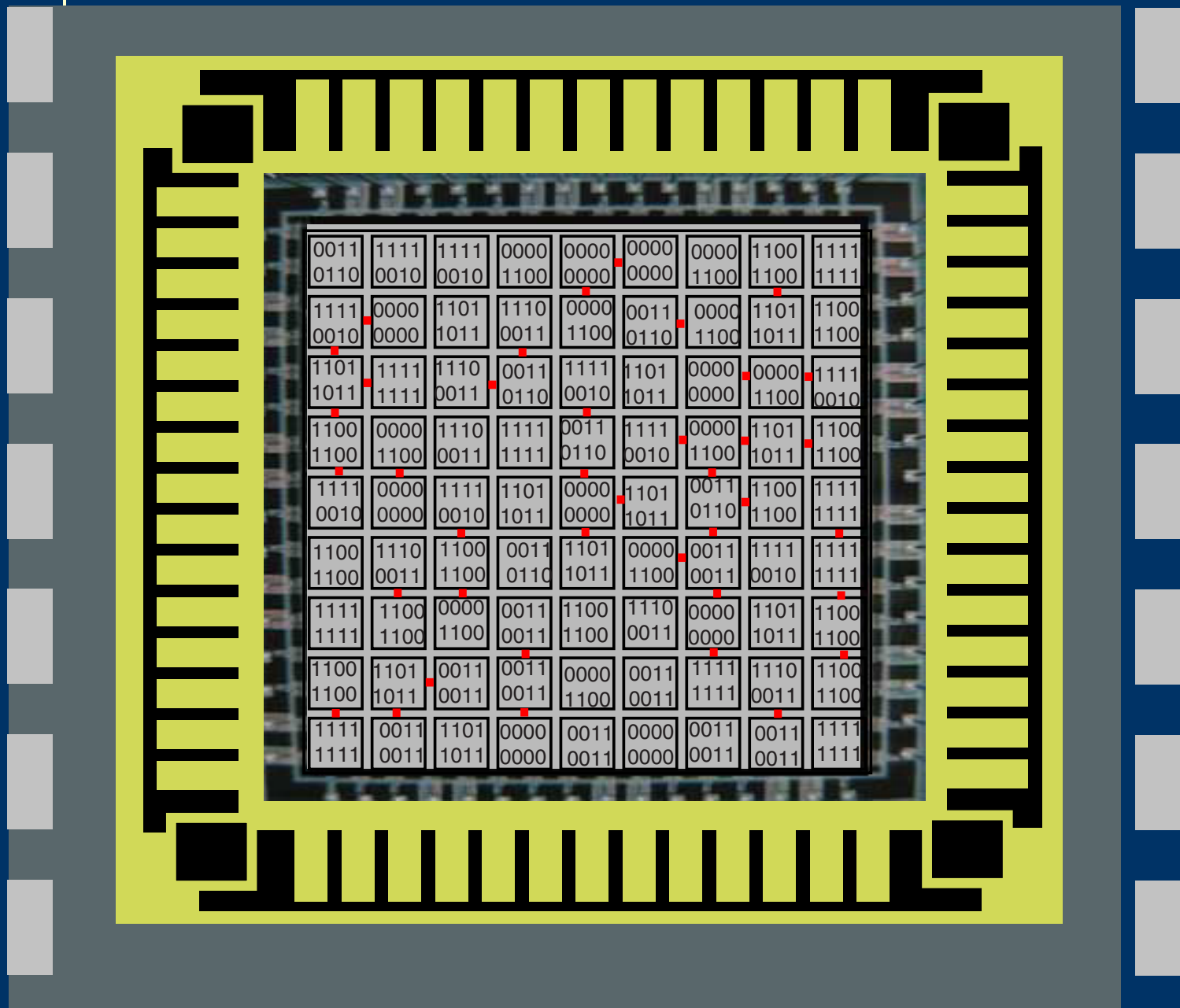
Cell Matrix Approach



Cell Matrix Approach

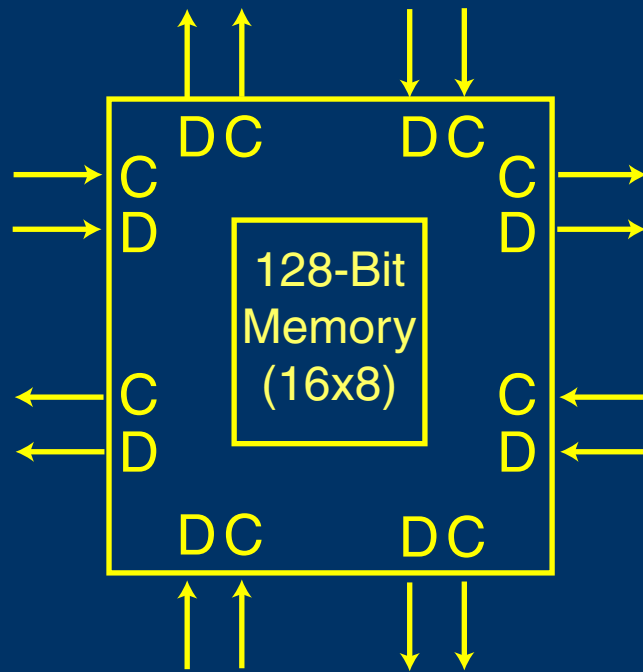


Cell Matrix Approach

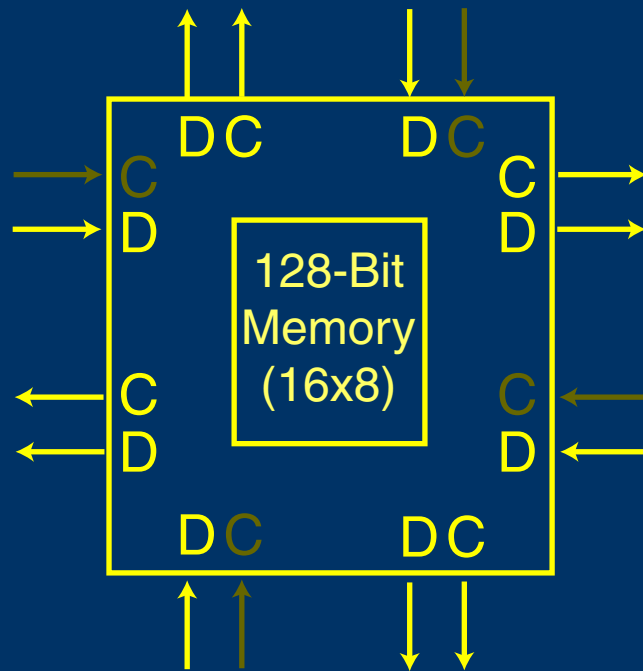


WHAT IS A CELL MATRIX?

Atomic Unit of Cell Matrix



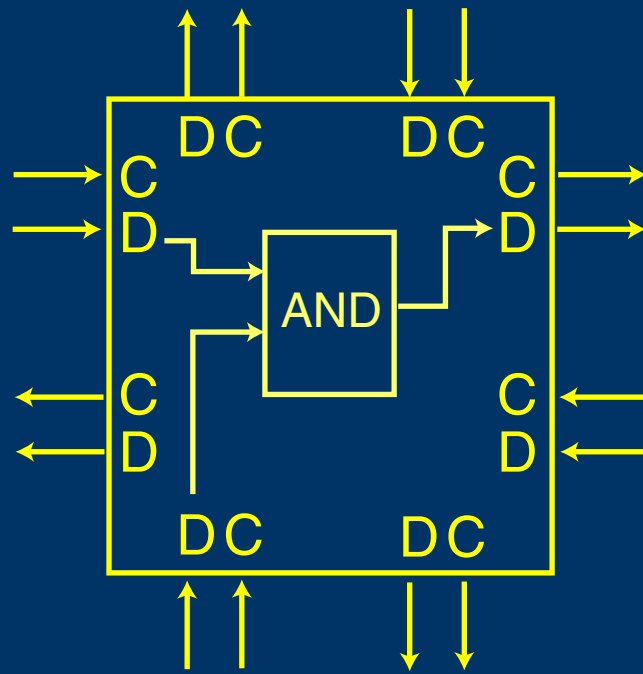
Atomic Unit of Cell Matrix



Cell Matrix Truth Table

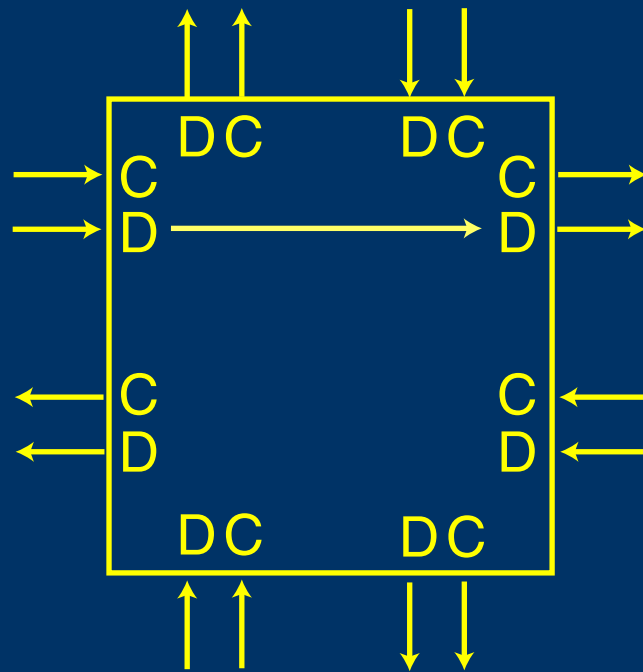
INPUTS				OUTPUTS							
DN	DS	DW	DE	CN	CS	CW	CE	DN	DS	DW	DE
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1

Cells Implement Simple Logic Functions



$$DE_{out} = DS_{in} \cdot AND \cdot DW_{in}$$

Sometimes Very Simple

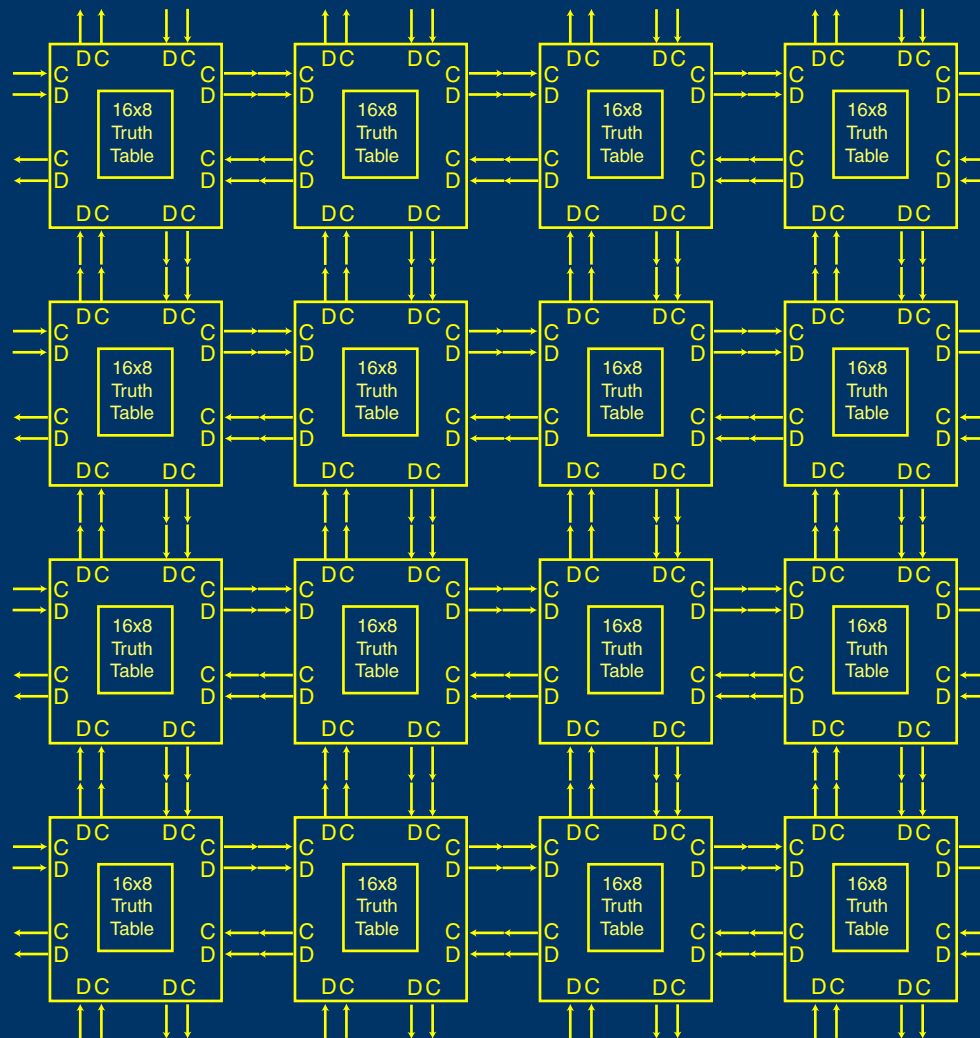


$$DE_{\text{out}} = DW_{\text{in}}$$

Truth Table for DW->DE

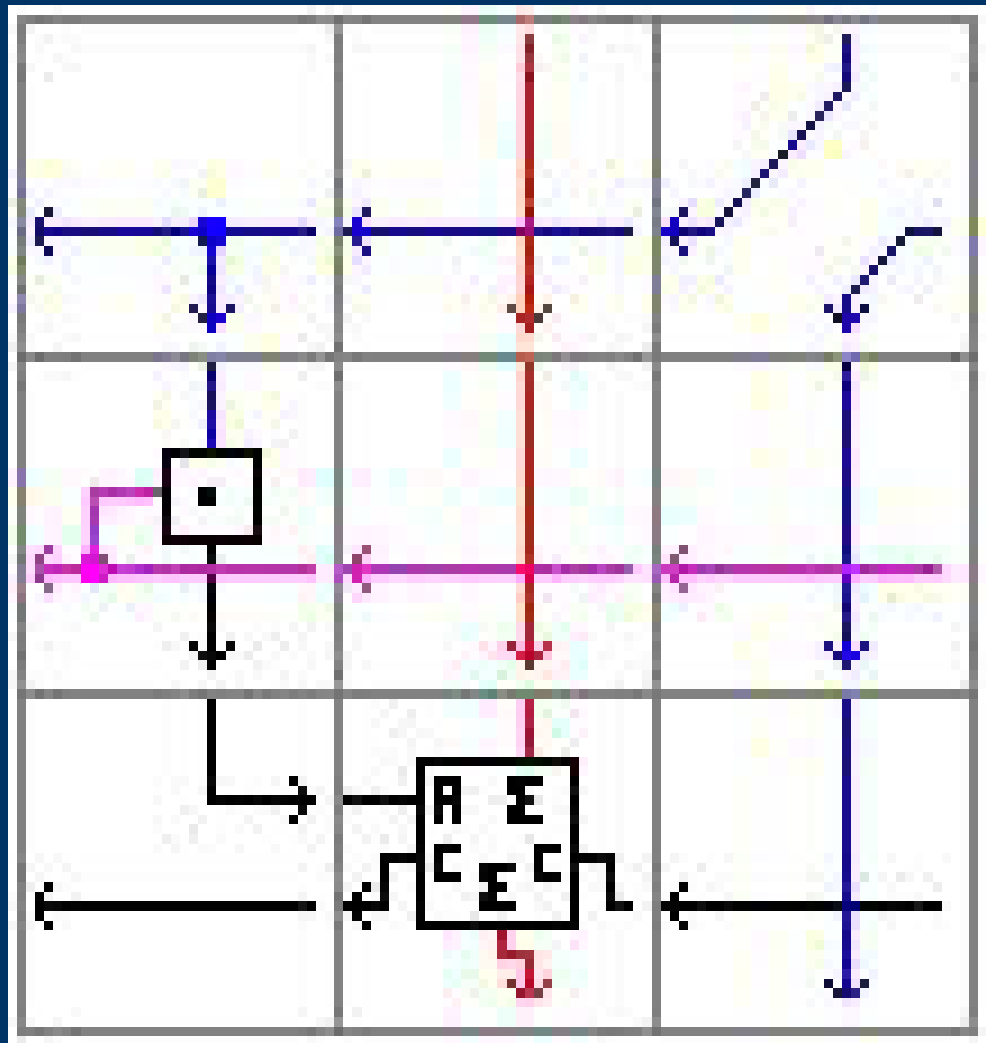
DN	DS	DW	DE	CN	CS	CW	CE	DN	DS	DW	DE
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

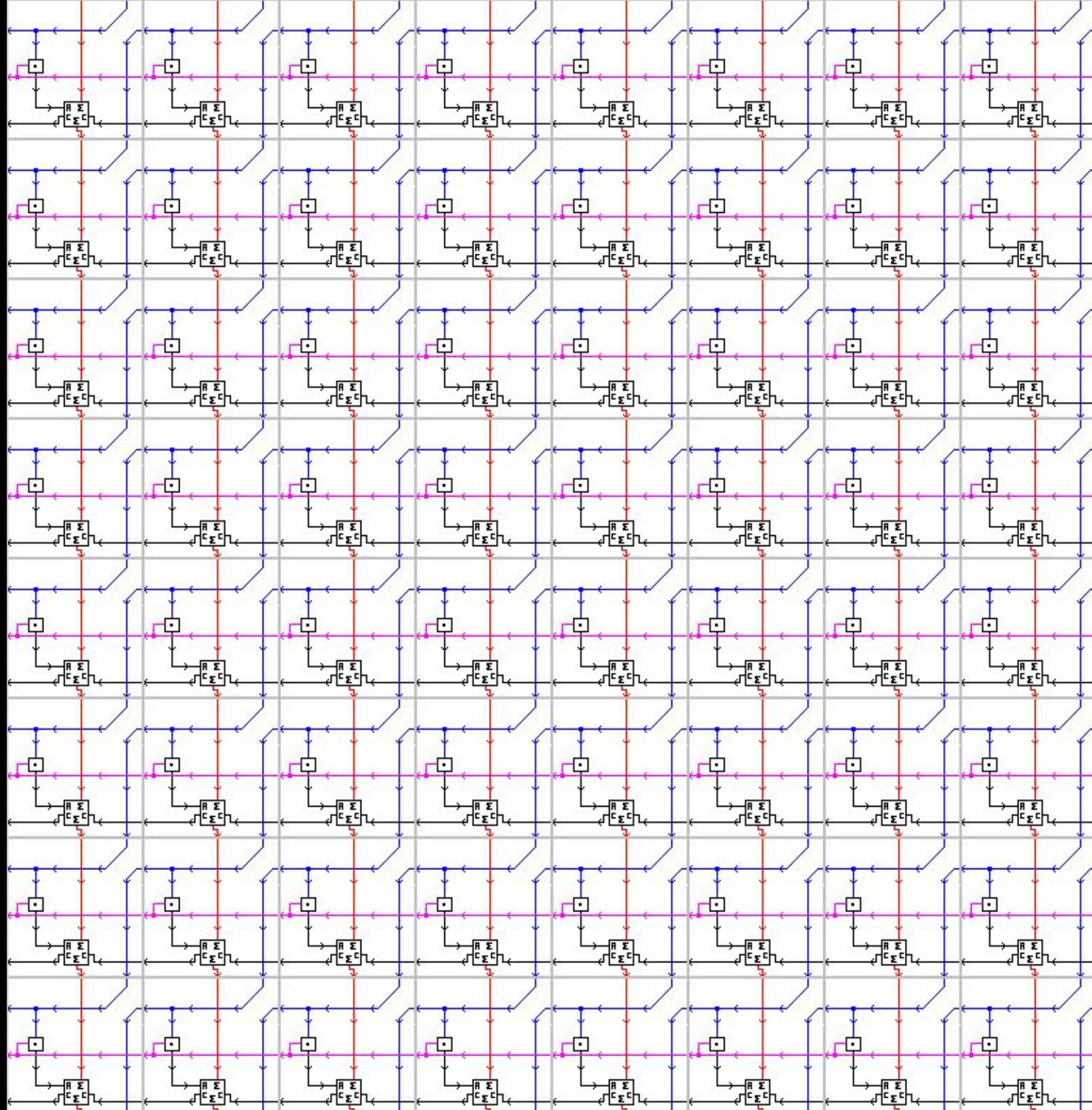
Tiling of Cells



Cells work together to perform
higher-order functions

One-Bit Multiplier





DNA SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT

GATCTACCTACGGATCAT
GATCTACGTACGGATCAT
ATCTACTACGGATCATTC

DNA SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT

GATCTACCTACGGATCAT
GATCTACGTACGGATCAT
ATCTACTACGGATCATTC

DNA SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT

```
GATCTACCTACGGATCAT
GATCTACGTACGGATCAT
  ATCTAC  TACGGATCATTC
```

Sequence Alignment Algorithm

Algorithm Similarity

input: sequences s and t

output: similarity between s and t

$m \leftarrow |s|$

$n \leftarrow |t|$

for $i \leftarrow 0$ **to** m **do**

$a[i, 0] \leftarrow i \times g$

for $j \leftarrow 0$ **to** n **do**

$a[0, j] \leftarrow j \times g$

for $i \leftarrow 1$ **to** m **do**

for $j \leftarrow 1$ **to** n **do**

$a[i, j] \leftarrow \max(a[i - 1, j] + g,$
 $a[i - 1, j - 1] + p(i, j),$
 $a[i, j - 1] + g)$

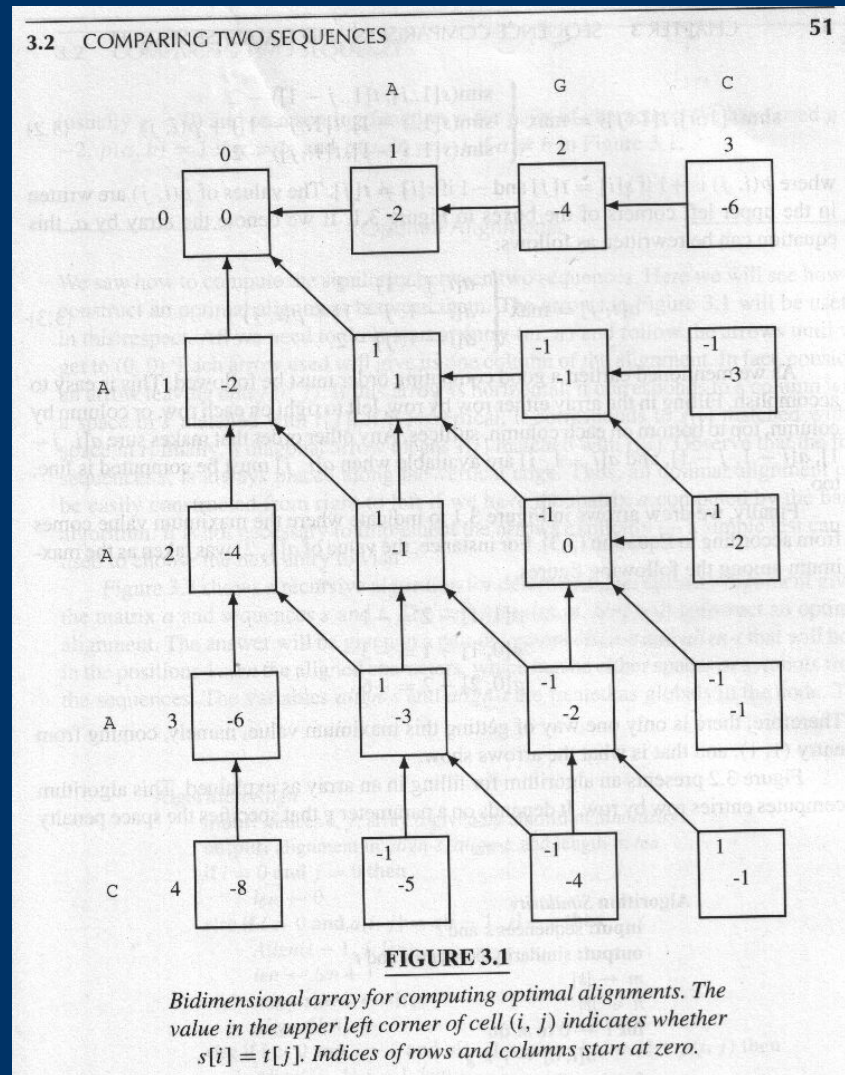
return $a[m, n]$

FIGURE 3.2

Basic dynamic programming algorithm for comparison of two sequences.

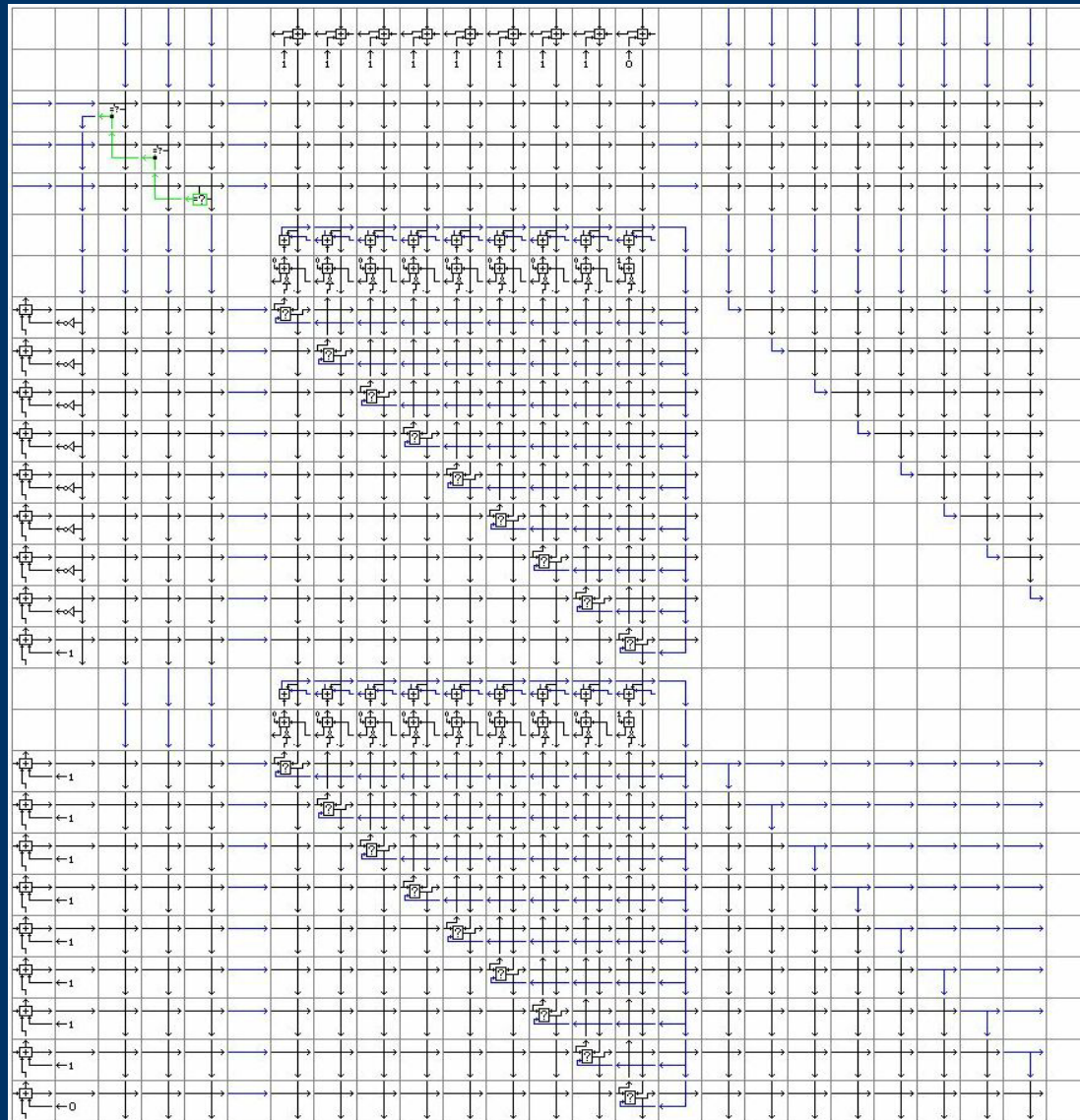
Source: Introduction to Computational Molecular Biology
J. Setubal and J. Meidanis

Sequence Alignment Flow



Source: Introduction to Computational Molecular Biology
J. Setubal and J. Meidanis

Sequence Alignment Circuit



Source: Bin Wang's
Master's Thesis
Utah State University
2001

CONSEQUENCES

- Scalable
- Extremely flexible
- Inherent fault isolation
- Universal Computation
- One Machine-One Problem
- Huge *potential* for parallelism

APPLICATIONS

- Evolvable Hardware/NN/AI
- Bioinformatics
- Large Search Problems
- DES Cracking
- Simulation
- Finite Element Analysis
- Modeling

NANOTECH IMPLICATIONS

Can help with nanotech development:

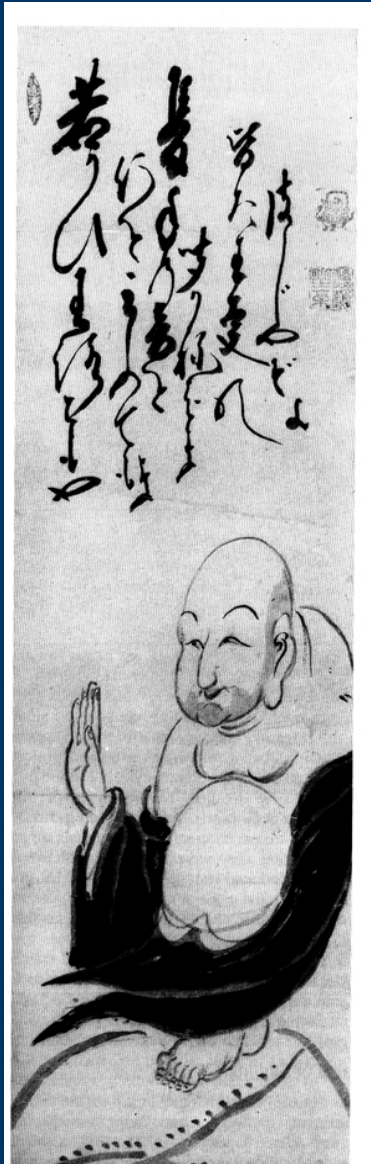
- Fault isolation
- Defect location and analysis
- Correction of imperfect hookup
- Correction of imperfect stacking
- Nano-scale control system

THE CELL MATRIX IS NOT A PARTICULAR MACHINE

It is an ARCHITECTURE

It is a blueprint for organizing matter
to do useful work

HOW ARE CELLS CONFIGURED?



What is the sound of
one hand clapping?

THREE CASES OF SUBJECT/OBJECT DUALISM

Not intended to prove a point
Rather, the goal is to be
thought provoking

René Descartes (1596-1650)



PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe the table exists."

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe the table exists."

Could not find a contradiction

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe other people exist."

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe other people exist."

Still could not find a contradiction

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe I exist."

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I do not believe I exist."

Now there's a problem...

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I doubt that I exist,
therefore I do exist."

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I believe that I exist,
therefore I do exist."

PROOF BY CONTRADICTION

"I think, therefore I am."
(Cogito ergo sum)

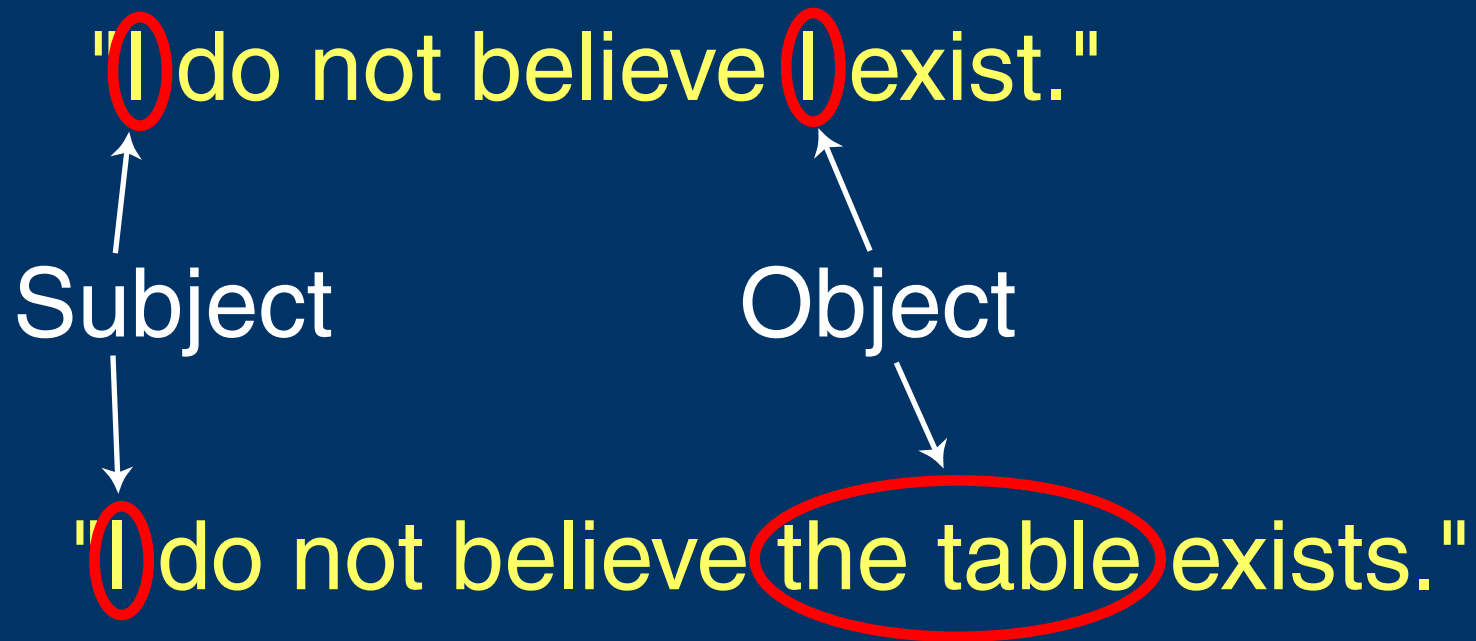
SUBJECT AND OBJECT ARE THE SAME

"I do not believe I exist."

↑
Subject

↑
Object

THIS IS A POWERFUL CONCEPT...



WHEN ARE SUBJECT AND OBJECT INDEPENDENT?

"I see the table"

WHEN ARE SUBJECT AND OBJECT INDEPENDENT?

"I see the table"

But can you just "see"?

WHEN ARE SUBJECT AND OBJECT INDEPENDENT?

"The soda tastes sweet"

WHEN ARE SUBJECT AND OBJECT INDEPENDENT?

"The soda tastes sweet"

Can you simply "taste"?

WHEN ARE SUBJECT AND OBJECT INDEPENDENT?

"The soda tastes sweet"

Is the soda "sweet" without
something to taste it?

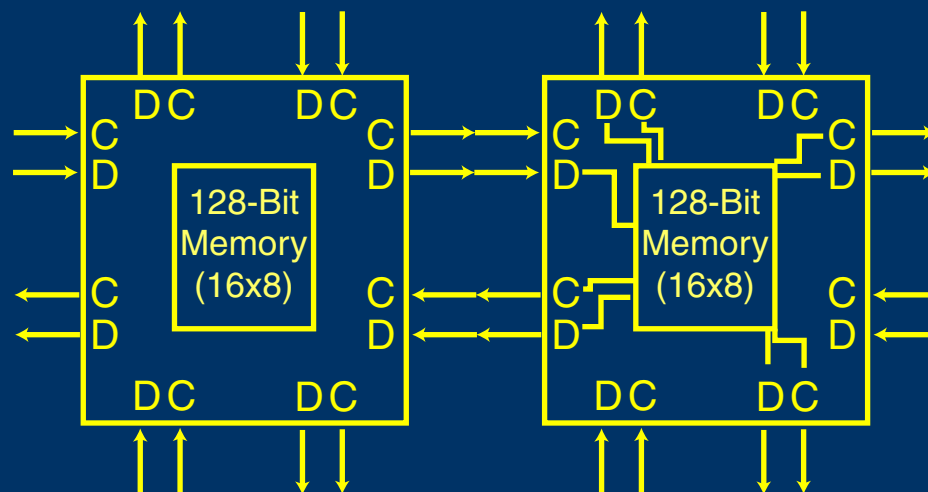
ARE TASTE AND TASTEBUD TRULY INDEPENDENT?

Can they be separated, or
do they necessarily co-exist?

How are Cells Configured?

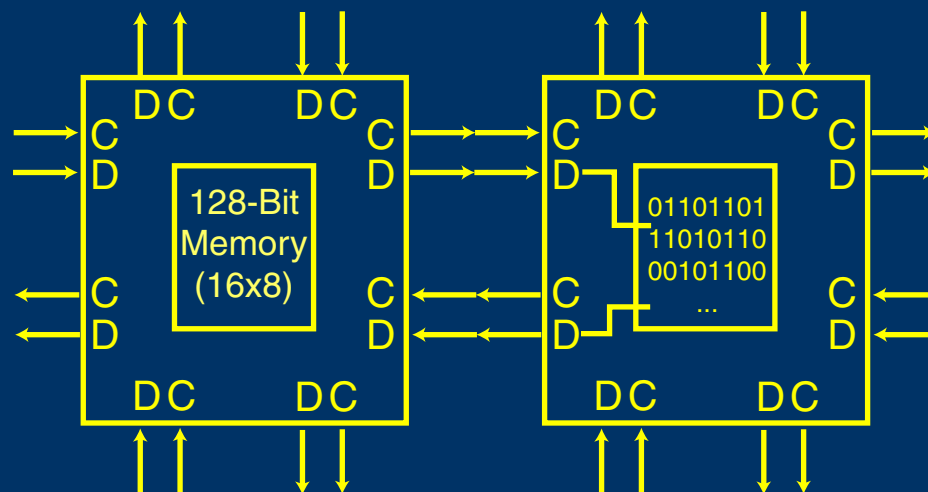
How are Cells Configured?

- Cells typically pass *data* to their neighbors
 - That data is processed via cell's Truth Table (*code*)



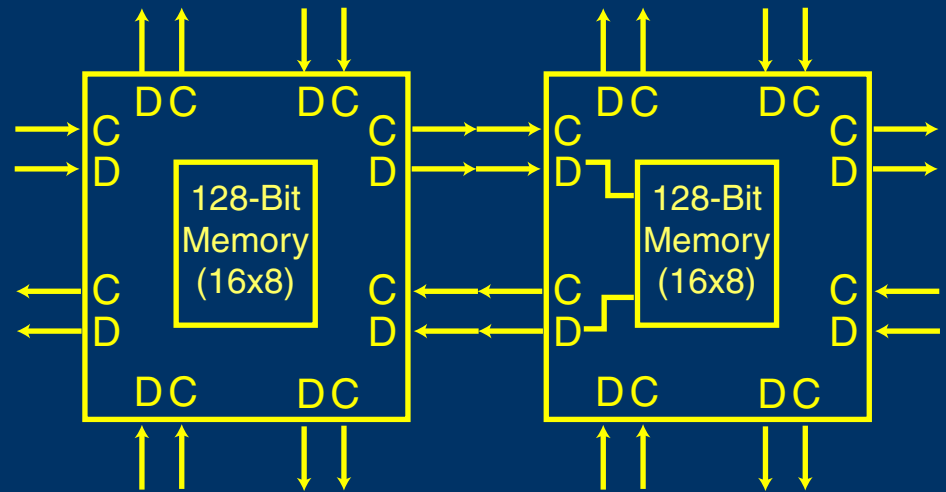
There is a Dual Mode...

- Under certain circumstances, cells may pass *truth tables* (code) to neighbors

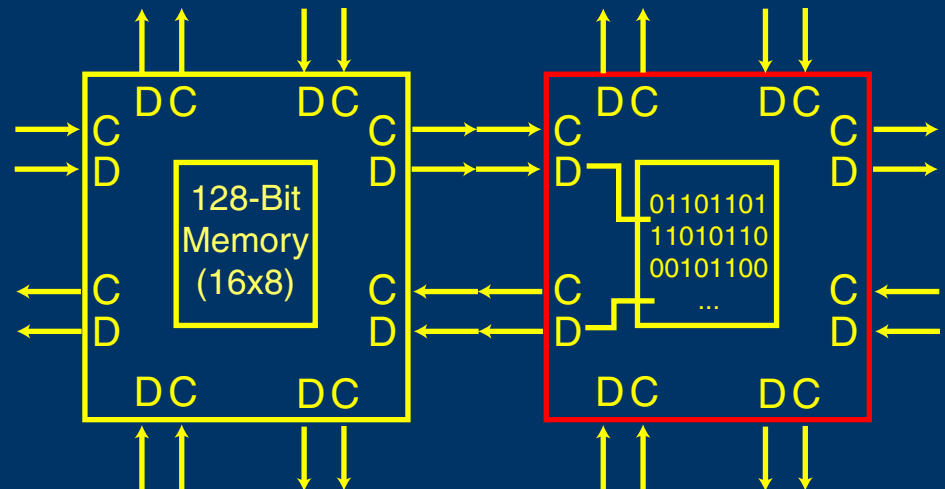


Each Cell Operates in One of Two Modes

D-Mode:
Cells Exchange DATA

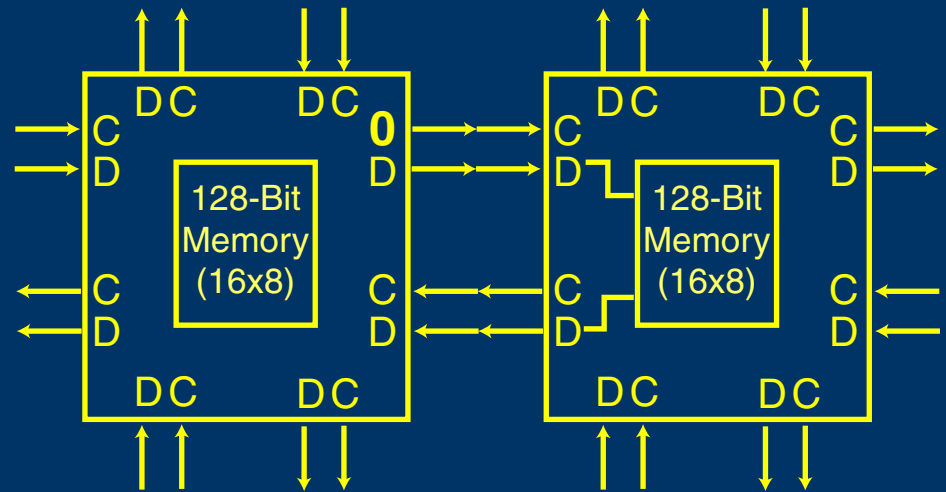


C-Mode:
Cells Exchange CODE

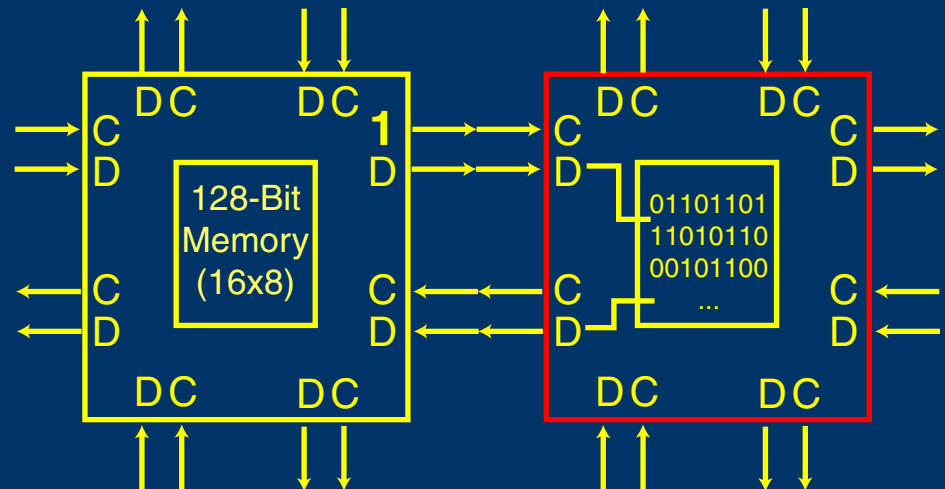


C-Mode is Indicated by Setting a C Input to 1

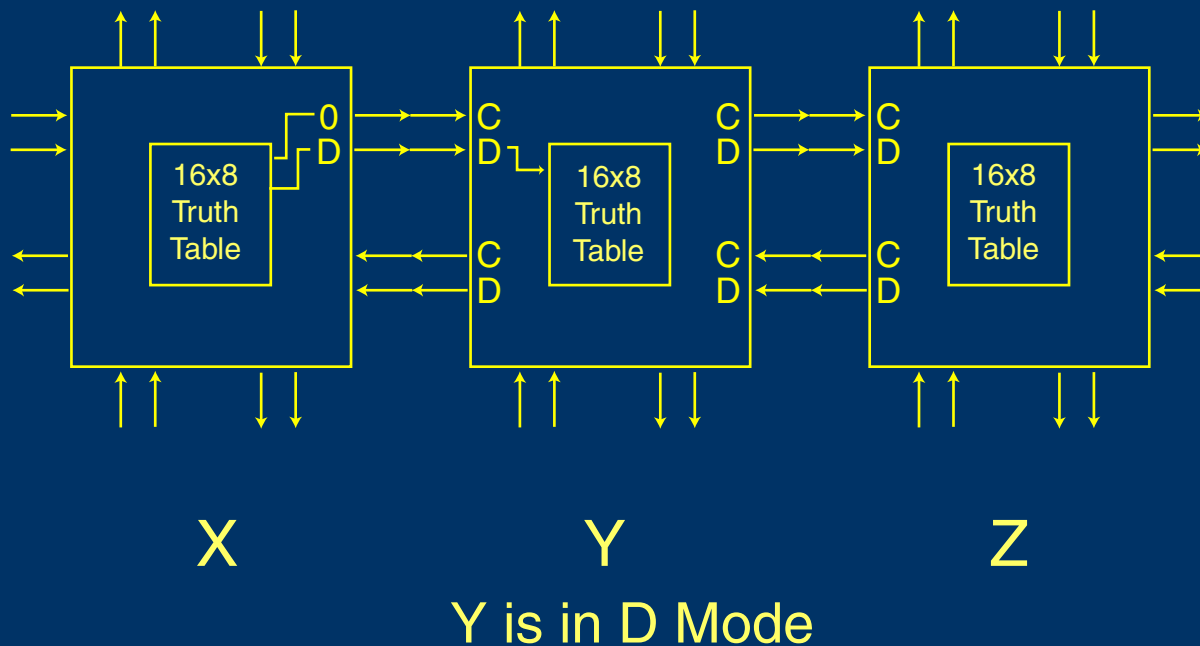
D-Mode:
Cells Exchange DATA



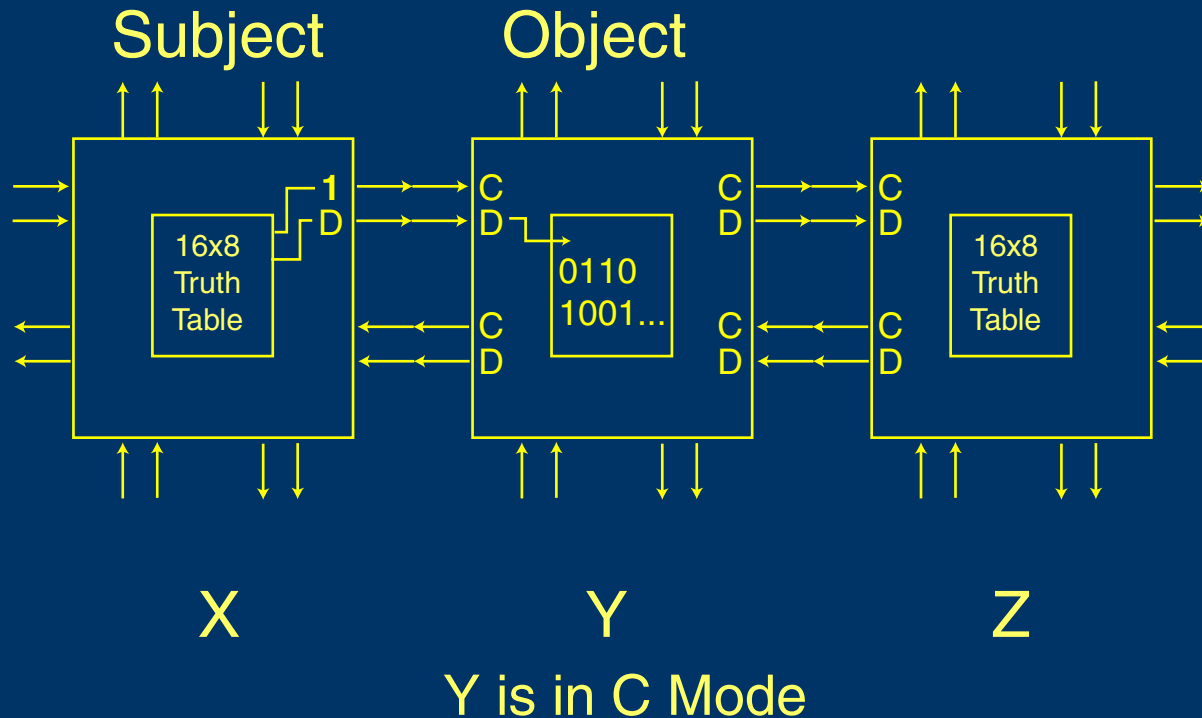
C-Mode:
Cells Exchange CODE



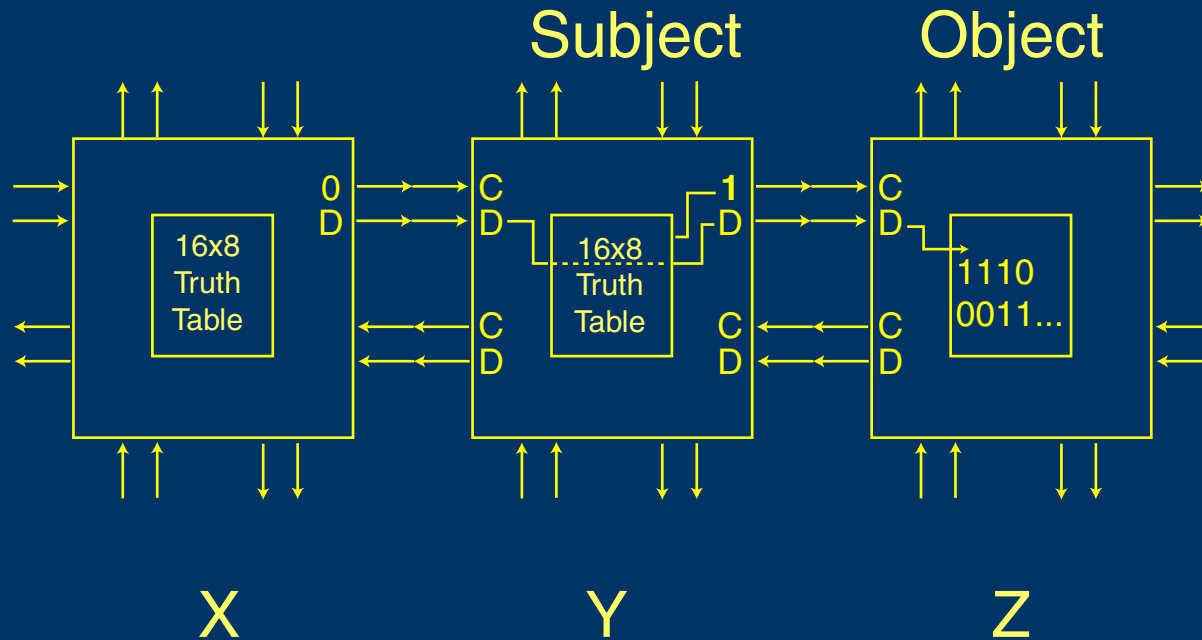
X May Pass Data to Y



X May Configure Y

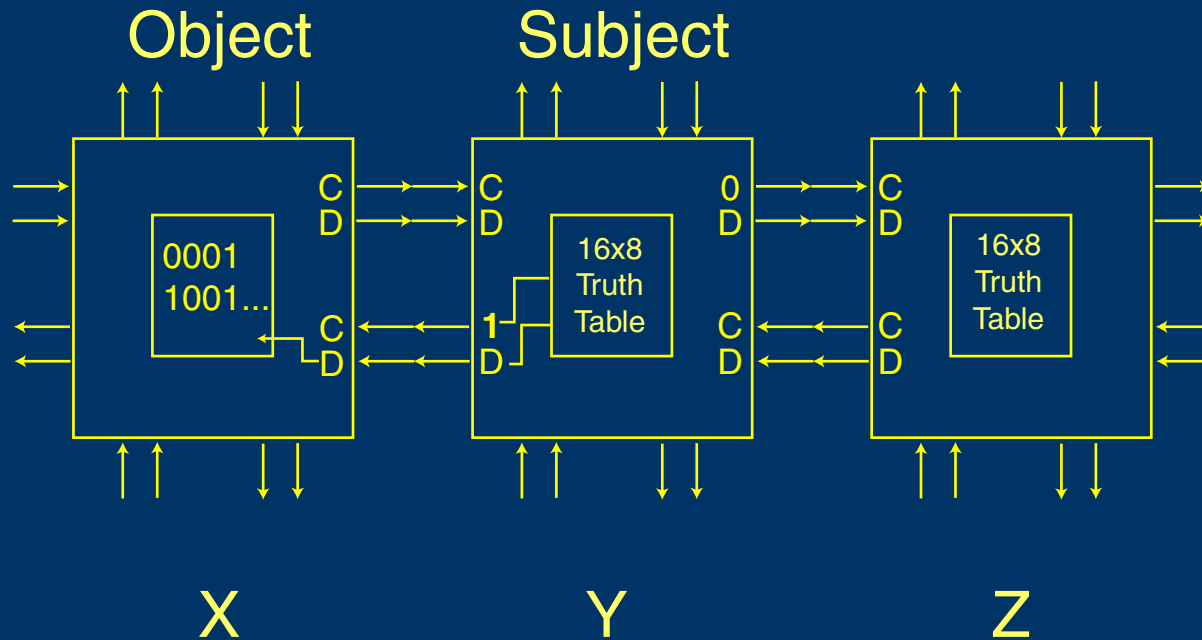


Y May Then Configure Z



Z is in C Mode

Or Y May Reconfigure X



X is in C Mode

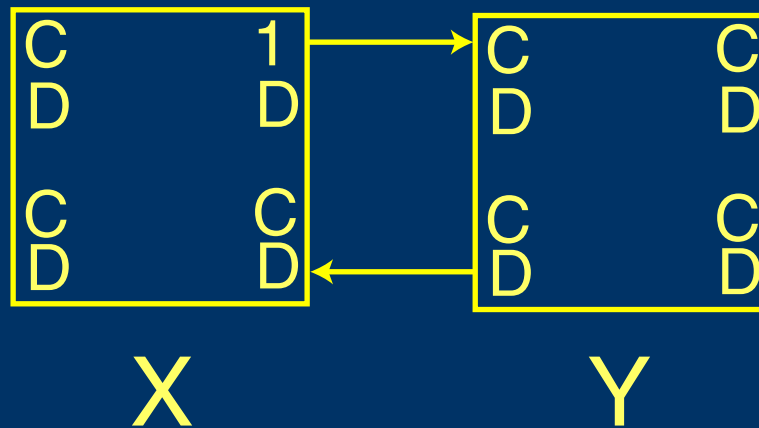
SELF DUALITY

There is a perfect
interchangability between the
subject and object of configuration

SELF CONFIGURABILITY

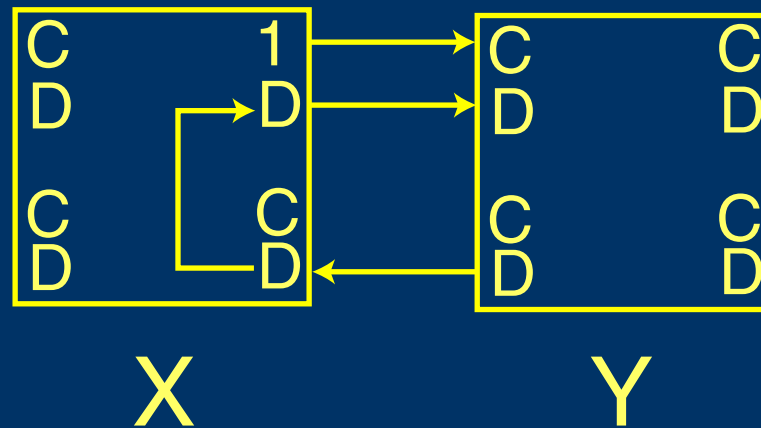
The Cell Matrix is able to read, modify and write its own configuration information.

Cell Reader



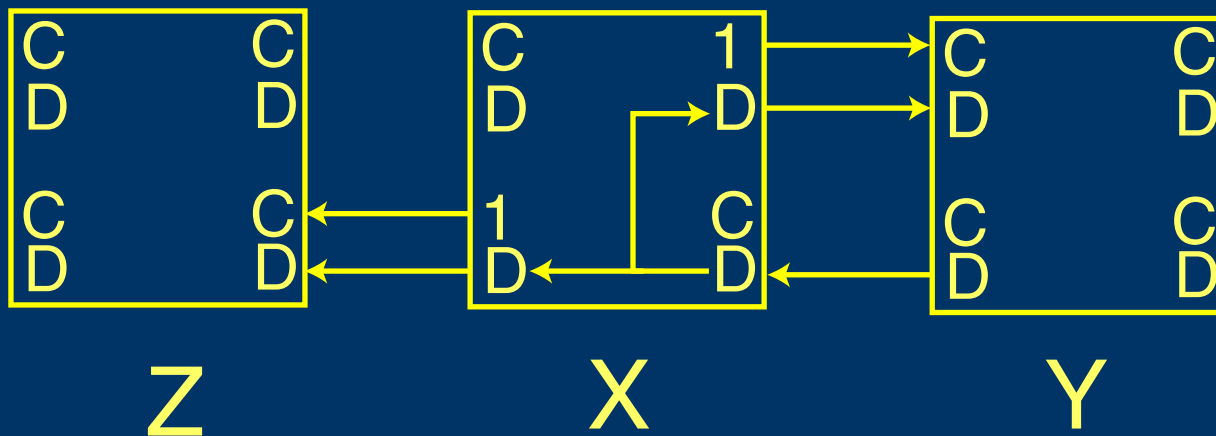
X is reading Y's Truth Table

Non-Destructive Cell Reader



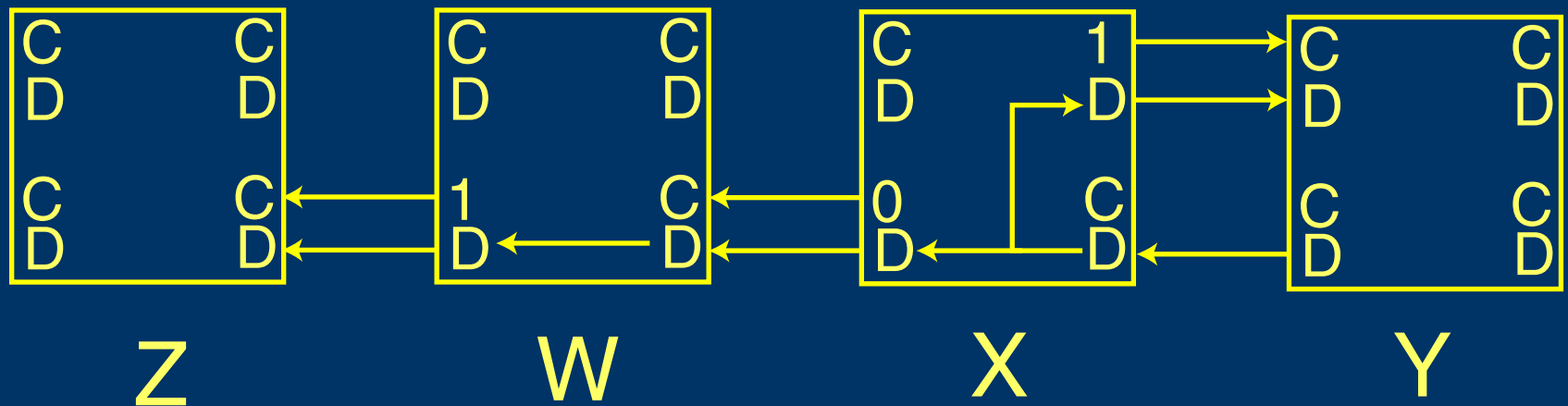
X is reading Y's Truth Table
and copying it back to Y

Cell Replicator



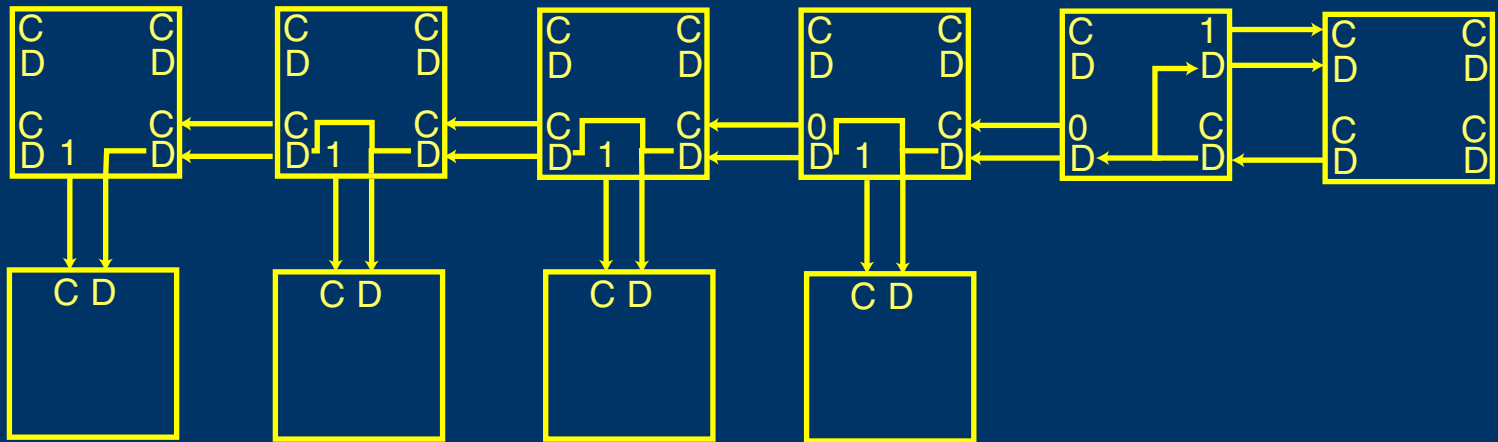
X is reading Y's Truth Table,
copying it back to Y,
and also copying it to Z

Remote Cell Replicator



X is reading Y's Truth Table,
copying it back to Y,
and also copying it to Z

Medusa Circuit



FOUR CELLS CONFIGURED SIMULTANEOUSLY

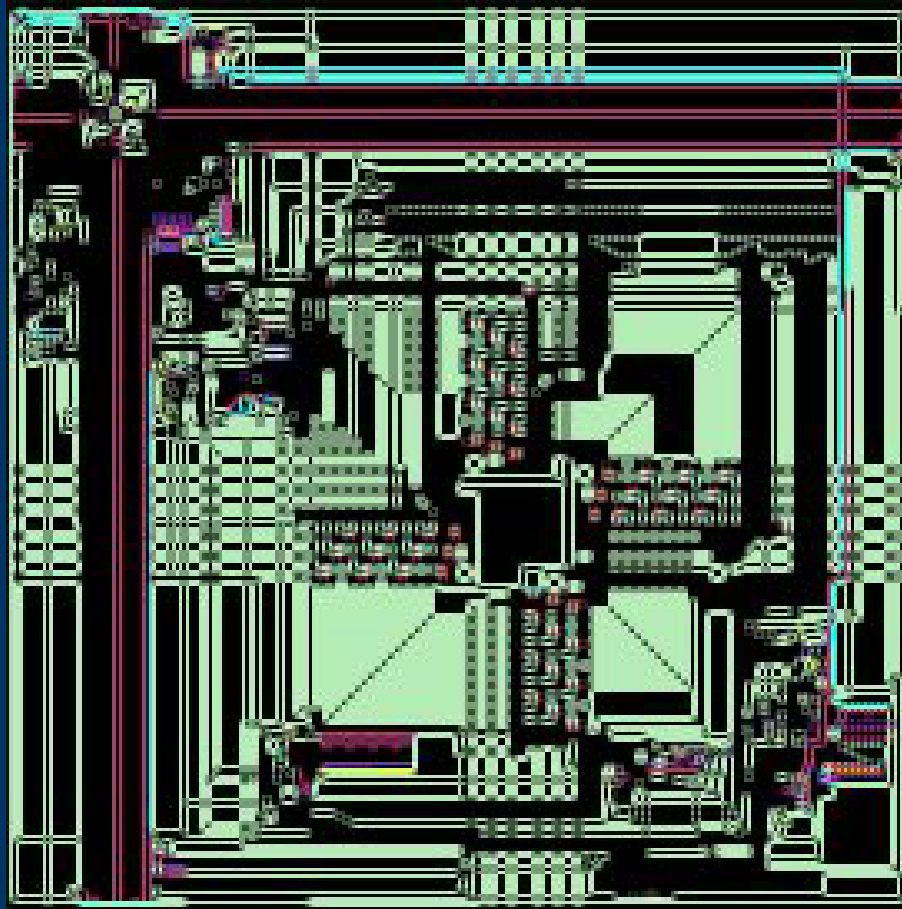
CASE STUDY: Autonomous Self-Repairing Circuits

Funded in part under
NASA SBIR
NAS2-01049

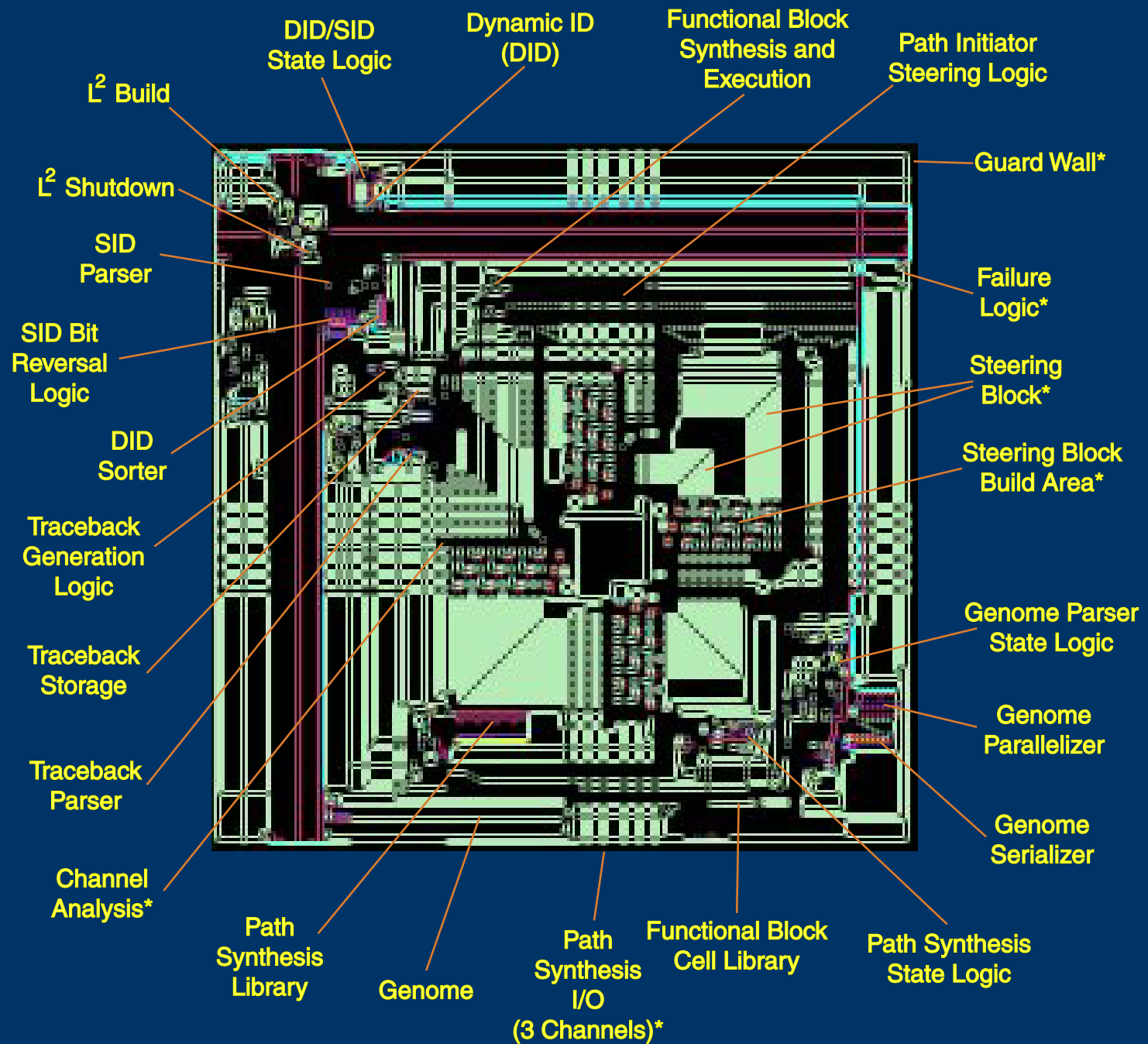


February-August 2001

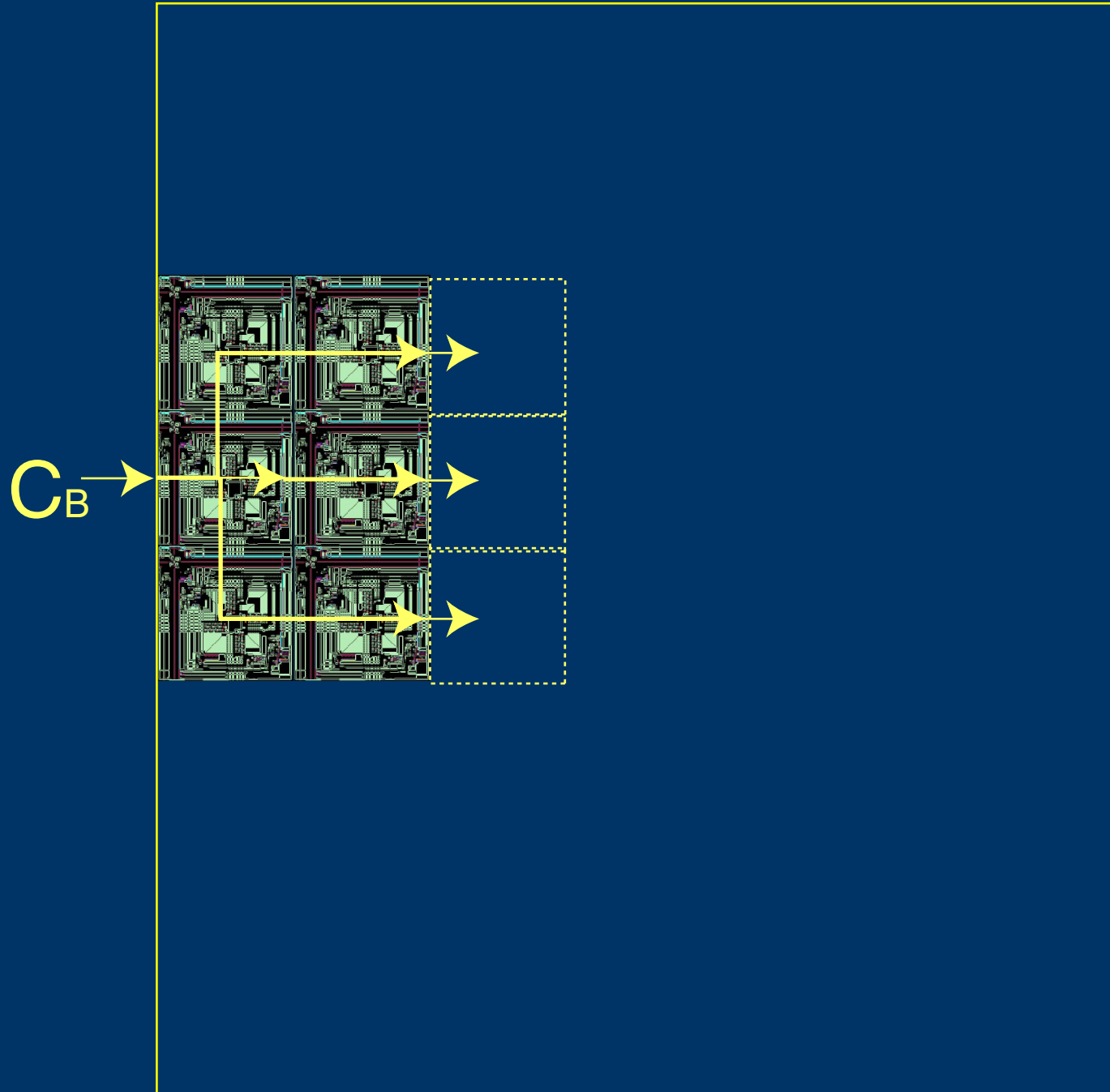
Supercell Image

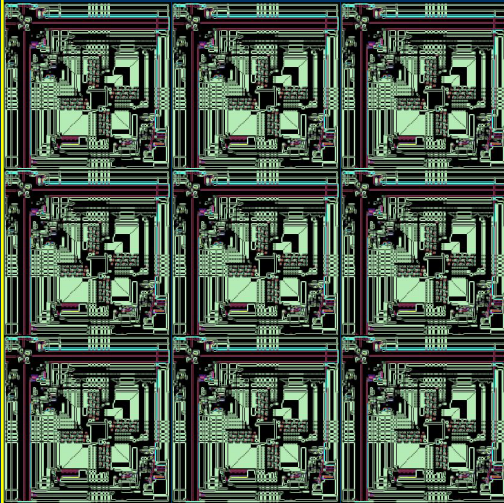


72,900 Cell Matrix Cells
270x270

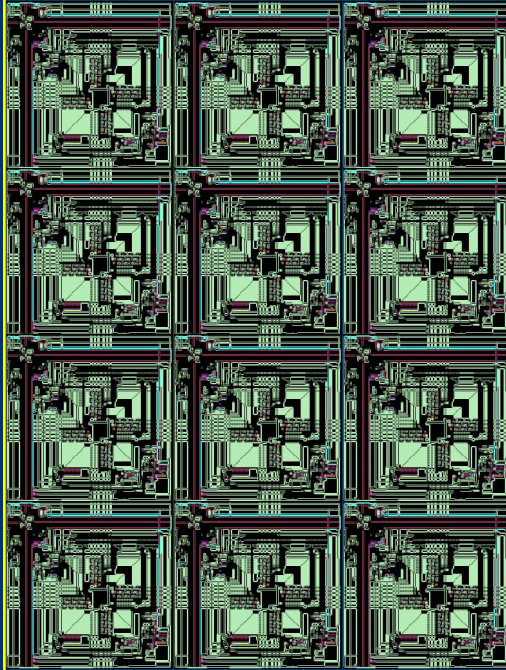


Supercells Create New Supercells

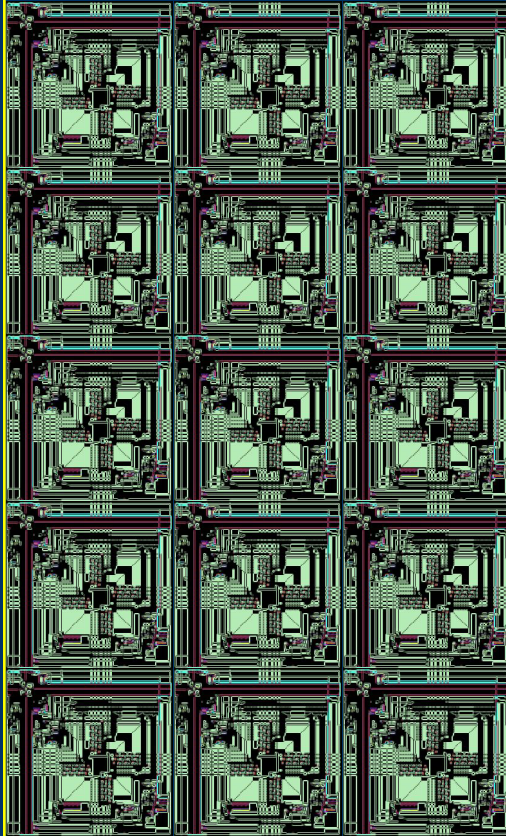




and those create more supercells...

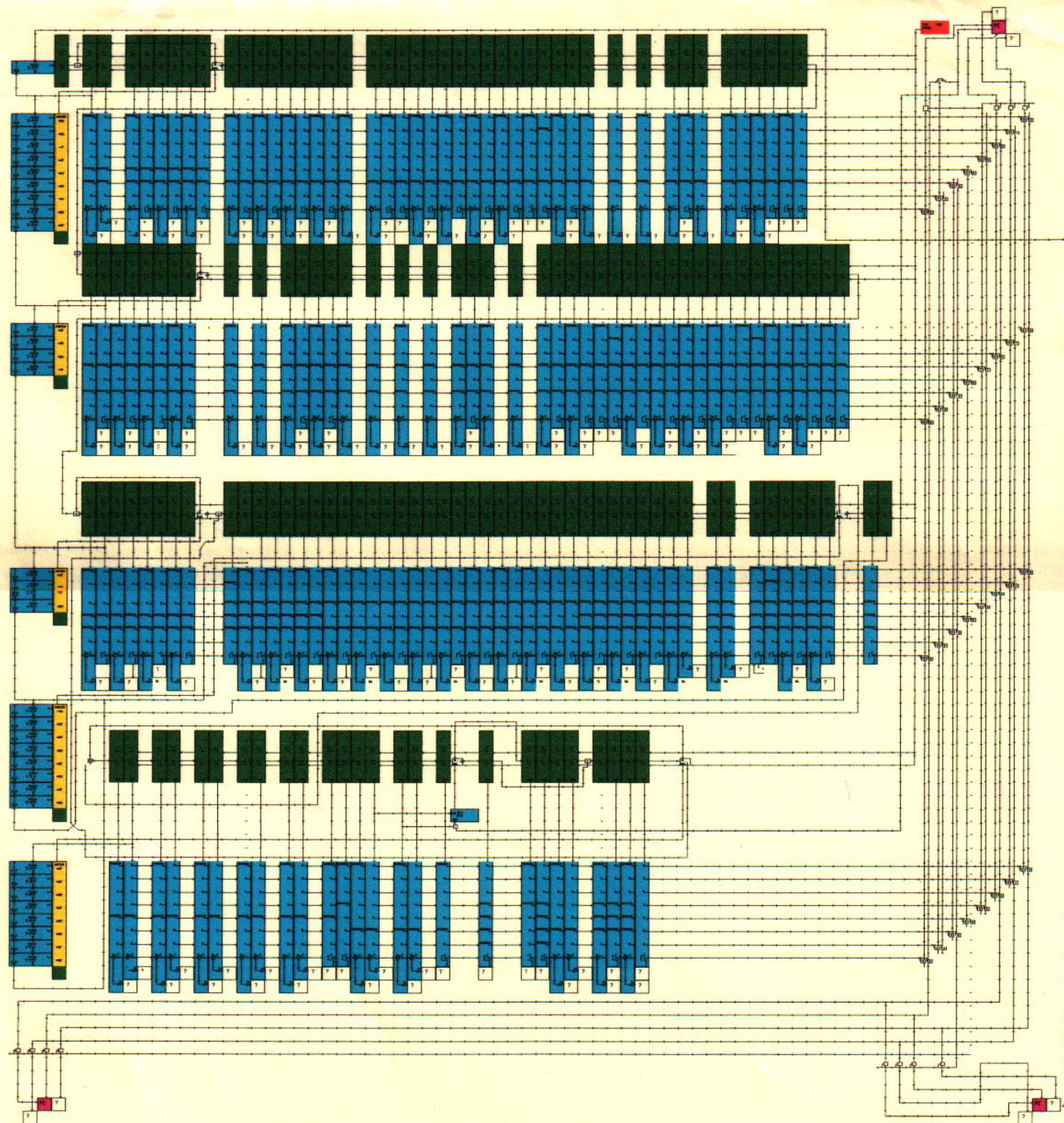


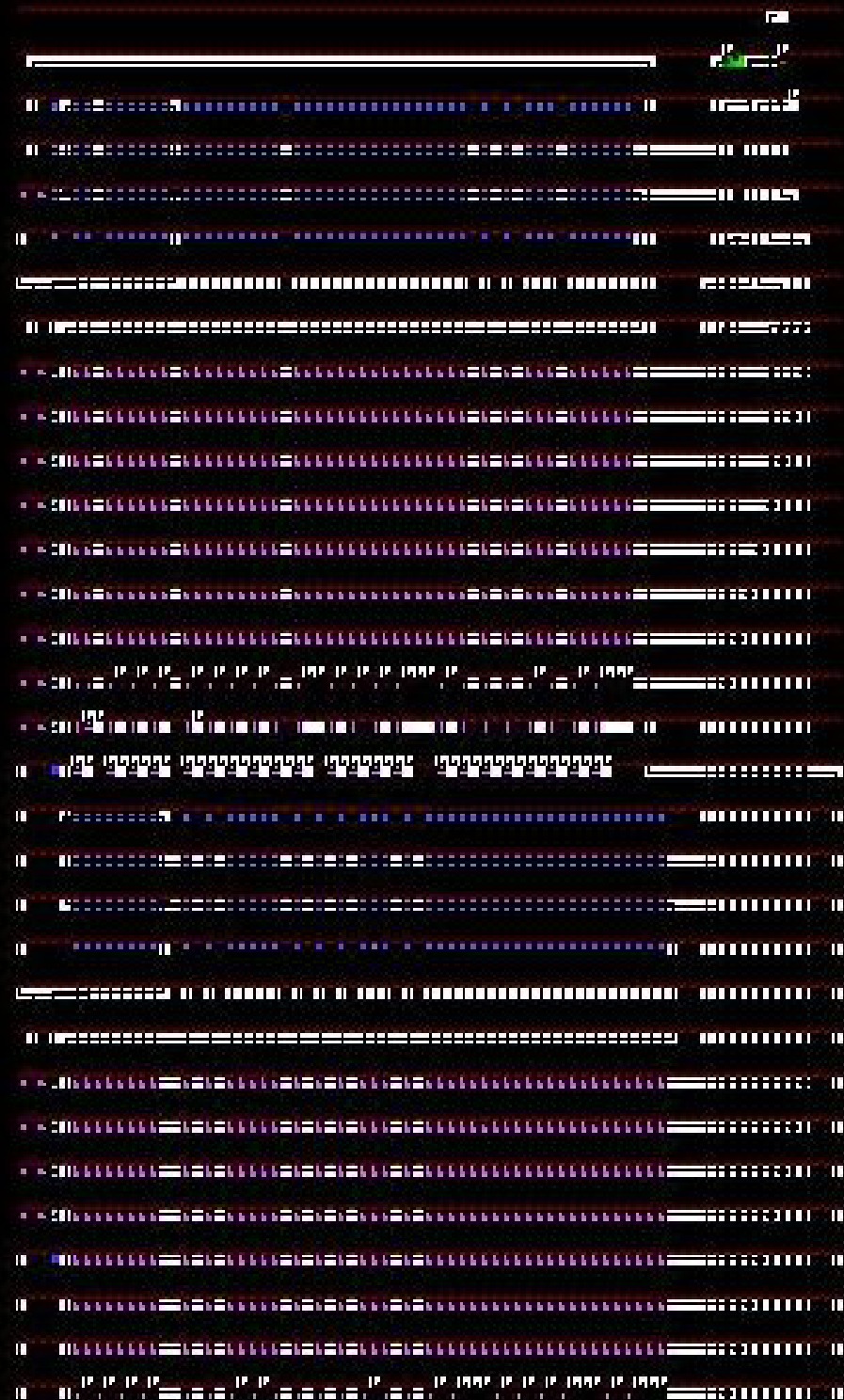
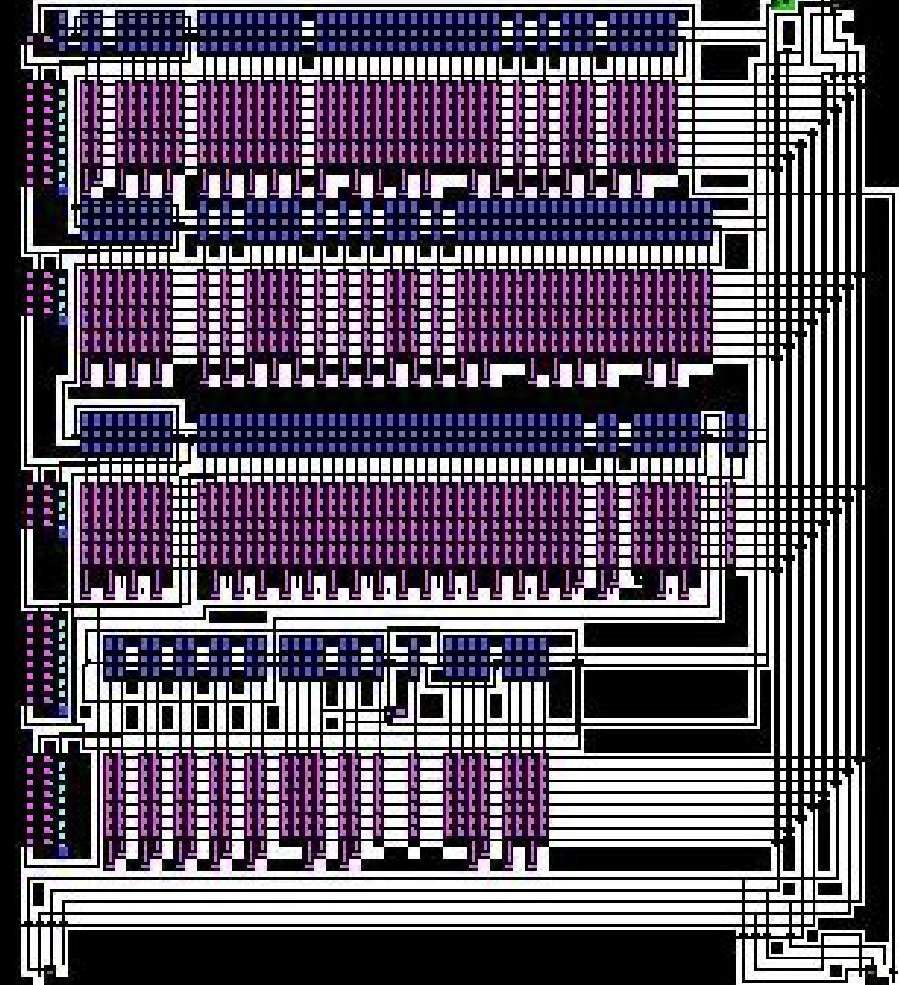
and so on...

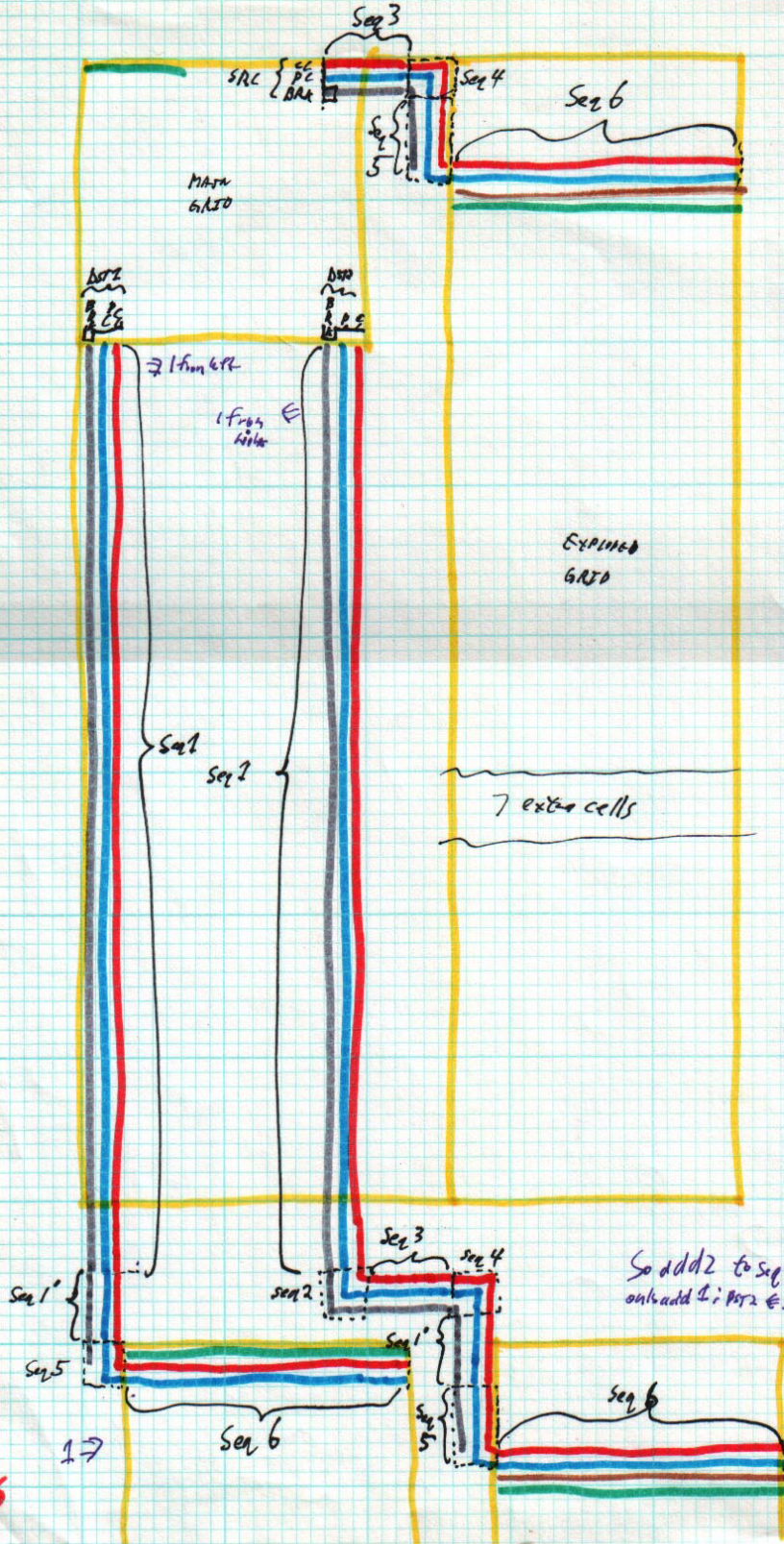


and so on...









- Logical Unit Boundary
- Control Channel
- Program Channel
- Break 1
- Controller/Ground Cell
- Target Cell

So add 2 to Seq 3? (now SRC is 2?)
 only add 2: Port 2 is 1, not 2!
 (or the 2's: now required 2)

SRS6

10/15/96
 n.g.m.

SUMMARY

- Nanotech->Scale Up
- Avogadro machine-High power
- Cell Matrix can handle complexity
- Can also aid nanotech development
- Fault isolation/handling is key
- Self-Duality may be important in ways not yet fully understood

FUTURE WORK

- 3D structures
- I/O hooks
- Nano-supportive structures
- Fine-grained fault tolerance
- Physical self-assembly
- Super-self-duality

FOR MORE INFORMATION...

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